

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 1	abbreviation (n)	/əˈbrɪvɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n/	Abkürzung	BRB is an internet <b>abbreviation</b> for "Be Right Back".
Unit 1	acquaintance (n) *	/ə'kwentəns/	Bekannte	Julie and I aren't really friends. She's more of an <b>acquaintance</b> .
Unit 1	address (n) ***	/ə'dres/	Adresse	What's your name and <b>address</b> , please?
Unit 1	advertisement (n)	/əd'vɜ:(r)tɪsmənt/	Werbung	We wanted to sell our car, and put an <b>advertisement</b> in the newspaper.
Unit 1	and (conjunction) ***	/weɪk ən, weɪk ənd, strɒŋ ənd/	und	She's young <b>and</b> beautiful!
Unit 1	bald (adj) *	/bɔ:ld/	kahlköpfig	The man is <b>bald</b> with a beard.
Unit 1	beard (n) *	/bɪə(r)d/	Bart	The man is bald with a <b>beard</b> .
Unit 1	be bound to sb	/bi 'baʊnd tu sʌmbədi/	an etw. gebunden sein	If you are <b>bound to someone</b> , you have a connection with them.
Unit 1	biometric (adj)	/ˌbɪəʊ'metrɪk/	biometrisch	Modern ID cards contain <b>biometric</b> information, for example, fingerprints or images of the eyes.
Unit 1	blonde (adj) *	/blɒnd/	blond	She's tall with <b>blonde</b> hair.
Unit 1	build (v) ***	/bɪld/	bauen	People use language to <b>build</b> communities.
Unit 1	but (conjunction) ***	/bʌt/	aber	She's shy <b>but</b> very intelligent.
Unit 1	cash machine (n)	/'kæʃ məʃi:n/	Bankautomat/Bankomat/EC-Automat	There is often a CCTV camera near a <b>cash machine</b> .
Unit 1	CCTV (camera) (n)	/ˌsi: si: ti: 'vi: ('kæm(ə)rə)/	Überwachungskamera	A lot of people think there are too many <b>CCTV cameras</b> .
Unit 1	chewing gum (n)	/'tʃu:ŋ ,gʌm/	Kaugummi	"Do you like <b>chewing gum</b> ?" "No, I hate it."
Unit 1	classmate (n)	/'klɑ:s,meɪt/	Klassenkamerad	Work in pairs with a <b>classmate</b> .
Unit 1	colleague (n) ***	/'kɒli:ɡ/	(Arbeits-)Kollege	John and I are <b>colleagues</b> -- we teach at the same school.
Unit 1	community (n) ***	/kə'mju:nəti/	Gemeinschaft	A <b>community</b> is a group of people in a society.
Unit 1	country (n) ***	/'kʌntri/	Land	Russia is a <b>country</b> .
Unit 1	curly (adj) *	/'kɜ:(r)li/	lockig	The woman has <b>curly</b> hair.
Unit 1	credit card (n) **	/'kredit ,kɑ:(r)d/	Kreditkarte	Do you want to pay by cash or <b>credit card</b> ?
Unit 1	date of birth (n) *	/'deɪt ev ,bɜ:(r)θ/	Geburtsdatum	What's your <b>date of birth</b> ?
Unit 1	digital (adj) **	/'dɪdʒɪt(ə)l/	digital	When was the first <b>digital</b> newspaper produced?
Unit 1	education (n) ***	/'edʒu'keɪʃ(ə)n/	Bildung	Three (3) is a very common number in <b>education</b> .
Unit 1	email (n) ***	/'i:meɪl/	Email	Do you send many <b>emails</b> ?
Unit 1	express (v) ***	/'ɪks'pres/	ausdrücken	People use language to <b>express</b> their thoughts.
Unit 1	Excuse me.	/'ɪkskjuz mi/	Entschuldigen Sie (mich) / Entschuldige (mich)	<b>Excuse me</b> , how do I get to the station?
Unit 1	fair (adj) ***	/'feə(r)/	hell/blond	He has short <b>fair</b> hair.
Unit 1	fingerprint (n)	/'fɪŋɡə(r),prɪnt/	Fingerabdruck	Modern ID cards contain biometric information, for example, <b>fingerprints</b> or images of the eyes.
Unit 1	form (v) ***	/'fɔ:(r)m/	formen/bilden	People use language to <b>form</b> relationships.
Unit 1	formal (adj) ***	/'fɔ:(r)m(ə)l/	formell	Older people use language in more <b>formal</b> ways.
Unit 1	friend (n) ***	/'frend/	Freund(in)	She has many <b>friends</b> .
Unit 1	glasses (n pl) *	/'glɑ:sɪz/	Brille	The man is wearing <b>glasses</b> .
Unit 1	She's/He's got	/'ʃi:z/hɪ:z gɒt/	Er/Sie hat ...	<b>He's got</b> a moustache and a beret.
Unit 1	Have a good (weekend).	/'hæv ə gud ('wi:k'end)/	(Ich wünsche Ihnen/dir) ein/Ein schönes Wochenende.	"Bye, Becky!" "Bye. <b>Have a good weekend!</b> "
Unit 1	How? ***	/'haʊ/	Wie?	<b>How safe</b> do you think your identity is?
Unit 1	How many?	/'haʊ 'meni/	Wie viele?	<b>How many</b> people are victims of crime each year?
Unit 1	How much?	/'haʊ 'mʌtʃ/	Wie viel?	<b>How much</b> does that DVD cost?
Unit 1	ID card (n)	/'aɪ'di: ,kɑ:(r)d/	Ausweis	Modern <b>ID cards</b> contain biometric information, for example, fingerprints or images of the eyes.
Unit 1	identity theft (n)	/'aɪ'dentɪti ,θeft/	Identitätsdiebstahl	<b>Identity theft</b> is the crime of stealing someone's identity.
Unit 1	image (n) ***	/'ɪmɪdʒ/	Bild	Modern ID cards contain biometric information, for example, fingerprints or <b>images</b> of the eyes.
Unit 1	be in your (twenties)	/'bi ɪn jə(r) ('twentɪz)/	in den (Zwanzigern) sein	I think the man in the picture is in <b>his thirties or forties</b> .
Unit 1	individual (n) ***	/'ɪndɪ'vɪdʒuəl/	Individuum/Einzelperson	<b>Individuals</b> use language in different ways.
Unit 1	informal (adj) **	/(ɪn)'fɔ:(r)m(ə)l/	informal	Young people use language in more <b>informal</b> ways.
Unit 1	key ring (n)	/'ki: rɪŋ/	Schlüsselbund	My key is on a <b>key ring</b> .

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Unit 1	languages (n) ***	/ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒɪz/	Sprachen	What <b>languages</b> do you speak?
Unit 1	letter (n) ***	/ˈletə(r)/	Brief	The word "book" has four <b>letters</b> .
Unit 1	lipstick (n)	/ˈlɪpˌstɪk/	Lippenstift	Do you wear <b>lipstick</b> ?
Unit 1	look (v) ***	/lʊk/	schauen	Woodward <b>looked</b> across the room at Bernstein.
Unit 1	look like	/ˈlʊk ˌlaɪk/	aussehen	"What does he <b>look like</b> ?" "He's tall and thin, with black, curly hair."
Unit 1	marital status (n)	/ˈmærɪt(ə)l ˌsteɪtəs/	Zivilstand	"What's your <b>marital status</b> ?" "Single."
Unit 1	medium-height (adj)	/ˈmiːdiəm ˌhaɪt/	mittelgroß	Someone who is <b>medium-height</b> is neither small or tall.
Unit 1	message (n) ***	/ˈmesɪdʒ/	Nachricht	Listen to the information <b>message</b> about bus services to Glasgow.
Unit 1	middle-aged (adj) *	/ˈmɪd(ə)l ˌeɪdʒd/	mittleren Alters	Someone who is <b>middle-aged</b> is between 40 and 60.
Unit 1	mobile phone (n) **	/ˈməʊbaɪl ˈfəʊn/	Mobiltelefon	People first used <b>mobile phones</b> in the United States.
Unit 1	move (n) ***	/muːv/	Bewegung	I feel as if CCTV is watching my every <b>move</b> .
Unit 1	name (n) ***	/neɪm/	Name	What's your <b>name</b> and address, please?
Unit 1	neighbour (n) ***	/ˈneɪbə(r)/	Nachbar	My <b>neighbours</b> are really nice people.
Unit 1	neighbourhood (n) **	/ˈneɪbə(r)ˌhʊd/	Nachbarschaft	This is a nice, quiet <b>neighbourhood</b> .
Unit 1	network (n) ***	/ˈnet,wɜː(r)k/	Netzwerk	People use social networking sites to keep in touch with their <b>network</b> of friends.
Unit 1	Nice to meet you.	/ˌnaɪs tu ˈmiːt juː/	Freut mich Sie/dich kennenzulernen.	"Hi, I'm Felipe." " <b>Nice to meet you</b> , Felipe."
Unit 1	origin (n) ***	/ˈɒrɪdʒɪn/	Herkunft	Read about the <b>origin</b> of everyday objects.
Unit 1	overweight (adj)	/ˌəʊvə(r)ˈweɪt/	übergewichtig	Someone who is <b>overweight</b> is heavier than they should be.
Unit 1	passport (n) *	/ˈpɑːspɔː(r)t/	Reisepass	In some countries, people can use ID cards as <b>passports</b> .
Unit 1	pen (n) **	/pen/	Stift	Have you got a <b>pen</b> , please?
Unit 1	phone number (n) *	/ˈfəʊn nʌmbə(r)/	Telefonnummer	Some ID cards contain the person's <b>phone number</b> .
Unit 1	place of birth (n)	/ˈpleɪs ɒv ˌbɜː(r)θ/	Geburtsort	My <b>place of birth</b> is Melbourne, Australia.
Unit 1	all over the place	/ɔːl ˈəʊvə(r) ðə pleɪs/	überall	CCTV cameras are <b>all over the place</b> now.
Unit 1	in place of	(ɪn) pleɪs əv/	anstatt	CCTV cameras are sometimes used <b>in place of</b> security guards.
Unit 1	in the first place	(ɪn) ðə ˈfɜː(r)st pleɪs/	in erster Linie	I think CCTV is a good idea. <b>In the first place</b> we live in a very dangerous society.
Unit 1	it's not our place	/ɪts nɒt əʊə(r) pleɪs/	Es ist nicht an uns ... / Es ist nicht unsere Sache ...	<b>It's not our place</b> to criticise the government.
Unit 1	out of place	/aʊt əv pleɪs/	fehl am Platz	She felt <b>out of place</b> with such important people.
Unit 1	take place	/teɪk pleɪs/	stattfinden	When do the Olympic Games <b>take place</b> ?
Unit 1	plastic (n) ***	/ˈplæstɪk/	Plastik	ID cards are usually made of <b>plastic</b> .
Unit 1	privacy (n)	/ˈprɪvəsi, ˈpraɪvəsi/	Privatsphäre	Do you agree that CCTV is an invasion of <b>privacy</b> ?
Unit 1	profession (n) ***	/prəˈfeɪʃ(ə)n/	Beruf	Your <b>profession</b> is the type of job you do.
Unit 1	protection (n) ***	/prəˈtekʃ(ə)n/	Schutz	CCTV cameras can give people <b>protection</b> in dangerous situations.
Unit 1	relationship (n) ***	/rɪˈleɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/	Beziehungen	People use language to form <b>relationships</b> .
Unit 1	safe (adj) ***	/seɪf/	sicher	Some people feel more <b>safe</b> if there are CCTV cameras.
Unit 1	scar (n) *	/skɑː(r)/	Narbe	A <b>scar</b> is a permanent mark on your skin where you have been injured.
Unit 1	separation (n) **	/ˌsepəˈreɪʃ(ə)n/	Trennung	<b>Separation</b> is the state of being separated from someone.
Unit 1	short (adj) ***	/ʃɔː(r)t/	kurz	He's got <b>short</b> , fair hair.
Unit 1	shoulder-length (adj)	/ˈʃəʊldə(r) ˌleŋθ/	schulterlang	She has blond, <b>shoulder-length</b> hair.
Unit 1	signature (n) **	/ˈsɪɡnətʃə(r)/	Unterschrift	Someone's <b>signature</b> is the special way that they write their name.
Unit 1	slim (adj) **	/slɪm/	schlank	Someone who is <b>slim</b> is thin in an attractive way.
Unit 1	so (conjunction) ***	/səʊ/	deshalb	English is an international language <b>so</b> a lot of people learn it.
Unit 1	social networking site (n)	/ˌsəʊʃ(ə)l net,wɜː(r)kɪŋ saɪt/	Website zum Erstellen und Betreiben von einem sozialen Netzwerk	People use <b>social networking sites</b> to keep in touch with their friends.
Unit 1	society (n) ***	/səˈsaɪətɪ/	Gesellschaft	Do you agree that <b>society</b> is dangerous today?
Unit 1	I'm sorry.	/aɪm ˈsɒri/	Entschuldigung	<b>I'm sorry</b> , I didn't see you there.

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Unit 1	steal (v) ***	/sti:l/	stehlen	Identity theft is the crime of <b>stealing</b> someone's identity.
Unit 1	straight (adj) ***	/stre:t/	gerade	The woman has got <b>straight</b> hair.
Unit 1	This is ...	/ˈðɪs ɪz/	Das ist...	<b>This is</b> Yvonne. She's my best friend.
Unit 1	thought (n) ***	/θɔ:t/	Gedanke	People use language to express their <b>thoughts</b> .
Unit 1	be in touch	/bi ɪn tʌtʃ/	in Kontakt stehen	We're <b>in touch</b> regularly by email.
Unit 1	keep in touch	/ki:p ɪn tʌtʃ/	in Kontakt bleiben	<b>Keep in touch</b> while you're on holiday.
Unit 1	lose touch	/lu:z ɪn tʌtʃ/	Kontakt verlieren	Please don't <b>lose touch</b> .
Unit 1	travel (v) ***	/ˈtræv(ə)l/	reisen	You can use the ID card to <b>travel</b> to different countries.
Unit 1	umbrella (n) *	/ʌmˈbrelə/	Schirm	An <b>umbrella</b> protects you from the rain.
Unit 1	victim (n) ***	/ˈvɪktɪm/	Opfer	Lots of people are <b>victims</b> of identity theft every year.
Unit 1	wallet (n)	/ˈwɒlɪt/	Portemonnaie/Brieftasche	ID cards can fit inside a person's <b>wallet</b> .
Unit 1	webpage (n) *	/ˈwebˌpeɪdʒ/	Internetseite	You can put information about yourself on your <b>webpage</b> .
Unit 1	website (n) **	/ˈwebˌsaɪt/	Webseite	Social networking sites are special <b>websites</b> where every member has their own page.
Unit 1	What kinds?	/ˈwɒt ˈkaɪnɪdʒ/	Welche Arten?	" <b>What kinds of</b> identity theft are there?" "There are several kinds."
Unit 1	What sort?	/ˈwɒt ˈsɔ:t(r)/	Was für ... ?	" <b>What sort of</b> crime is identity theft?" "ID theft occurs when someone steals your identity."
Unit 1	young (adj) ***	/jʌŋ/	jung	<b>Young</b> people use language in more informal ways.
Unit 2	arm (n) ***	/ɑ:(r)m/	Arm	Some people have tattoos on their <b>arm</b> .
Unit 2	associate (v) ***	/əˈsəʊsi:et/	verbinden/assoziiieren	People <b>associate</b> comfort food with feeling happy and safe.
Unit 2	back (n) ***	/bæk/	Rücken	I have a problem with my <b>back</b> and can't carry heavy things.
Unit 2	beans (n) **	/bi:nz/	Bohnen	Feijoada is a Brazilian dish cooked with dried meat and <b>beans</b> .
Unit 2	beer (n) ***	/biə(r)/	Bier	<b>Beer</b> is made in a brewery.
Unit 2	beetroot (n)	/ˈbi:trʊt/	Rote Bete	<b>Beetroot</b> is a kind of vegetable that is dark red or purple.
Unit 2	beverage (n)	/ˈbev(ə)rɪdʒ/	Getränk	" <b>Beverage</b> " is a formal word meaning a drink.
Unit 2	bitter (adj) **	/ˈbɪtə(r)/	bitter	Lemons are <b>bitter</b> .
Unit 2	blood (n) ***	/blʌd/	Blut	<b>Blood</b> is the red liquid that flows inside your body.
Unit 2	boil (v) *	/bɔɪl/	kochen/sieden	Don't <b>boil</b> the vegetables too much.
Unit 2	bone (n) ***	/bəʊn/	Knochen	A <b>bone</b> is one of the hard parts that forms the frame inside your body.
Unit 2	bottle (n) ***	/ˈbɒt(ə)l/	Flasche	A <b>bottle</b> of sparkling water, please.
Unit 2	bowl (n) ***	/bəʊl/	Schüssel	The man is stirring food in a <b>bowl</b> .
Unit 2	brain (n) ***	/breɪn/	Hirn	Your <b>brain</b> is the thing inside your head that allows you to think and feel.
Unit 2	bread (n) ***	/bred/	Brot	A toaster is used for making <b>bread</b> into toast.
Unit 2	breakfast (n) ***	/ˈbrekfəst/	Frühstück	What do you normally have for <b>breakfast</b> ?
Unit 2	breathe (v) **	/bri:ð/	atmen	You <b>breathe</b> underwater using a snorkel.
Unit 2	cake (n) **	/keɪk/	Kuchen	<b>Cakes</b> are sweet food.
Unit 2	can (n) **	/kæn/	Dose	A <b>can</b> of cola, please.
Unit 2	candy (AmE) (n)	/ˈkændi/	Süßigkeit	<b>Candy</b> is the American English word for "sweets".
Unit 2	carton (n)	/ˈkɑ:(r)t(ə)n/	Karton/Schachtel	We bought a <b>carton</b> of orange juice at the supermarket.
Unit 2	casserole (n)	/ˈkæsəroʊl/	Kasserolle/Auflaufform	A <b>casserole</b> is a dish of meat and vegetables that is cooked in an oven.
Unit 2	cheese (n) **	/tʃi:z/	Käse	I like to eat <b>cheese</b> with crackers.
Unit 2	chocolate (n) **	/ˈtʃɒklət/	Schokolade	Children love sweets and <b>chocolate</b> .
Unit 2	clean (v) ***	/kli:n/	putzen	To <b>clean</b> the pan, put some cold tea in it first.
Unit 2	coffee (n) ***	/ˈkɒfi/	Kaffee	<b>Coffee</b> is the national drink in Brazil.
Unit 2	cola (n)	/ˈkəʊlə/	Cola	A can of <b>cola</b> , please.
Unit 2	comfort food (n)	/ˈkʌmfə(r)t fʊd/	"Essen für die Seele"/Lieblingssessen	People associate <b>comfort food</b> with feeling happy and safe.

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Unit 2	common (adj) ***	/ˈkɒmən/	üblich	It is <b>common</b> to have barbecues in the summer.
Unit 2	consist of (v)	/kən'sɪst əv/	besteht aus	Tagine is a North African dish that <b>consists of</b> meat and vegetables.
Unit 2	convert (v) **	/kən'veɜ:(r)t/	umwandeln	Water helps to <b>convert</b> food into energy.
Unit 2	cook (v) ***	/kʊk/	kochen	What sort of dishes do you like to <b>cook</b> ?
Unit 2	cooking (n) **	/ˈkʊkɪŋ/	Kochen	Do you like <b>cooking</b> ?
Unit 2	cracker (n)	/ˈkrækə(r)/	Cracker (salziger Kekse)	I like to eat cheese with <b>crackers</b> .
Unit 2	cup (n) ***	/kʌp/	Tasse	One <b>cup</b> of tea and one <b>cup</b> of coffee, please.
Unit 2	delicious (adj) *	/dɪ'lɪʃəs/	köstlich	I think that French food is <b>delicious</b> .
Unit 2	dinner (n) ***	/ˈdɪnə(r)/	Abendessen	We generally have <b>dinner</b> at 8 pm.
Unit 2	dish (n) **	/dɪʃ/	Gericht	Roti is a very popular <b>dish</b> in India.
Unit 2	drink (n) ***	/drɪŋk/	Getränk	Milk, tea, and beer are all types of <b>drink</b> .
Unit 2	drink (v) ***	/drɪŋk/	trinken	I <b>drink</b> too much coffee.
Unit 2	drinking water (n)	/ˈdrɪŋkɪŋ ˌwɔ:tə(r)/	Trinkwasser	Many people in the world do not have clean <b>drinking water</b> .
Unit 2	ear (n) ***	/ɪə(r)/	Ohr	Your <b>ears</b> are the things that you hear with.
Unit 2	eat (v) ***	/i:t/	essen	Some people <b>eat</b> too much.
Unit 2	eat out (phr v)	/i:t aʊt/	auswärts essen	We tend to <b>eat out</b> on Friday night.
Unit 2	egg (n) ***	/eg/	Ei	What is the best way to store <b>eggs</b> ?
Unit 2	elbow (n) **	/ˈelbəʊ/	Ellenbogen	Your <b>elbow</b> is the part in the middle of your arm where it bends.
Unit 2	factor (n) ***	/ˈfæktə(r)/	Faktor	The amount of water we need to drink depends on a number of different <b>factors</b> .
Unit 2	familiar (adj) ***	/fə'mɪliə(r)/	vertraut	Comfort food is simple and <b>familiar</b> .
Unit 2	a few	/ə fjuː/	ein paar	There are <b>a few</b> eggs in the fridge.
Unit 2	finger (n) ***	/ˈfɪŋɡə(r)/	Finger	Your hand has five <b>fingers</b> .
Unit 2	fire (n) ***	/ˈfaɪə(r)/	Feuer	The man is cooking on a <b>fire</b> .
Unit 2	fish (n) ***	/fɪʃ/	Fisch	Do you prefer meat or <b>fish</b> ?
Unit 2	flush (v) *	/flʌʃ/	spülen	It takes between 5 to 10 litres of water to <b>flush</b> a toilet.
Unit 2	food (n) ***	/fu:d/	essen	What's your favourite <b>food</b> ?
Unit 2	foot (n) ***	/fʊt/	Fuß	I can't walk -- there's a problem with my <b>foot</b> .
Unit 2	Don't forget to ...	/dəʊnt 'fɔ:(r)ɡet tu/	Vergiss nicht...	<b>Don't forget to</b> make the teapot hot first.
Unit 2	fork (n) *	/fɔ:(r)k/	Gabel	A <b>fork</b> is an object with points that you use for eating food.
Unit 2	fresh (adj) ***	/frɛʃ/	frisch	It's important to eat lots of <b>fresh</b> fruit and vegetables.
Unit 2	fried (adj) **	/fraɪd/	frittiert	<b>Fried</b> potatoes have been cooked in oil.
Unit 2	fry (v) *	/fraɪ/	frittieren	Put the potatoes in the frying pan and <b>fry</b> them.
Unit 2	frying pan (n)	/ˈfraɪŋ ˌpæn/	Bratpfanne	Put the potatoes in the <b>frying pan</b> and fry them.
Unit 2	generally (adv) ***	/ˈdʒen(ə)rəli/	generell	We <b>generally</b> have dinner at 8 pm.
Unit 2	glass (n) ***	/ɡlɑ:s/	Glas	A <b>glass</b> of red wine, please.
Unit 2	grow (v) ***	/grəʊ/	anbauen	To <b>grow</b> 1 kilogram of rice, you need 1,900 litres of water.
Unit 2	hair (n) ***	/heə(r)/	Haar(e)	She's got long blonde <b>hair</b> .
Unit 2	hand (n) ***	/hænd/	Hand	Your <b>hand</b> has five fingers.
Unit 2	have (a shower) (v) ***	/hæv (ə ʃaʊə(r))/	duschen	To <b>have a shower</b> , you need between 50 and 100 litres of water.
Unit 2	head (n) ***	/hed/	Kopf	I wear a hat when it's sunny to protect my <b>head</b> .
Unit 2	heart (n) ***	/hɑ:(r)t/	Herz	Eating too much fast food is bad for your <b>heart</b> .
Unit 2	honey (n)	/ˈhʌni/	Honig	Baklava is a special cake made with <b>honey</b> and nuts.
Unit 2	ice cube (n)	/ˈaɪs kju:b/	Eiswürfel	The tray is used for making <b>ice cubes</b> .
Unit 2	juice (n) **	/dʒu:s/	Saft	We bought a carton of orange <b>juice</b> at the supermarket.
Unit 2	kettle (n)	/ˈket(ə)l/	Wasserkessel/Wasserkocher	A <b>kettle</b> is used for boiling water.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 2	kitchen (n) ***	/ˈkɪtʃən/	Küche	How can I make my <b>kitchen</b> smell good?
Unit 2	knee (n) ***	/ni:/	Knie	Your <b>knee</b> is the part in the middle of your leg where it bends.
Unit 2	knife (n) ***	/naɪf/	Messer	A <b>knife</b> is an object used for cutting food.
Unit 2	lamb (n) **	/læm/	Lamm(-fleisch)	<b>Lamb</b> is the meat from a young sheep.
Unit 2	leg (n) ***	/leg/	Bein	I've got a sore <b>leg</b> and can't walk.
Unit 2	lentil (n)	/ˈlentɪl/	Linsen	Roti consists of bread and vegetables or <b>lentils</b> .
Unit 2	like to	/laɪk tu/	gern tun/gerne haben/mögen	People in Brazil often <b>like to</b> drink coffee.
Unit 2	a little	/ə ˈlɪt(ə)l/	ein bisschen	It's OK to eat a <b>little</b> salt, but not too much.
Unit 2	a lot of	/ə ˈlɒt əv/	viel	"Do you drink a <b>lot of</b> wine?" "No, not much."
Unit 2	lunch (n) ***	/ˈlʌnʃ/	Mittagessen	We usually have a sandwich for <b>lunch</b> .
Unit 2	It's made from/with ...	/ɪts meɪd frəm wɪθ/	Es wird aus/mit ... gemacht	"What is Ramen?" " <b>It's made from/with</b> noodles, vegetables, and meat in a soup."
Unit 2	(not/too) many	/ˌ(nɒt/tu:) ˈmeni/	(nicht/zu)viele	You eat <b>too many</b> sweets!
Unit 2	meal (n) ***	/mi:l/	Mahlzeit	In the UK, people normally have three <b>meals</b> a day.
Unit 2	meat (n) ***	/mi:t/	Fleisch	Do you prefer <b>meat</b> or fish?
Unit 2	microwave (n) *	/ˈmaɪkrə weɪv/	Mikrowelle	A <b>microwave</b> is used for making food hot quickly.
Unit 2	milk (n) ***	/mɪlk/	Milch	Would you like a little <b>milk</b> in your tea?
Unit 2	mineral water (n)	/ˈmɪn(ə)rəl ˌwɔ:tə(r)/	Mineralwasser	Dr Perrier's name is associated with <b>mineral water</b> .
Unit 2	(not/too) much	/ˌ(nɒt/tu:) mʌʃ/	(nicht/zu) viel	"Do you drink a lot of wine?" "No, <b>not much</b> ."
Unit 2	mug (n) *	/mʌɡ/	Tasse	You can drink tea and coffee in a cup or a <b>mug</b> .
Unit 2	muscle (n) ***	/ˈmʌs(ə)l/	Muskel	A <b>muscle</b> is a piece of flesh that moves a part of your body.
Unit 2	nail (n) **	/neɪl/	Nagel	Your finger <b>nails</b> are the hard bits at the end of your fingers.
Unit 2	need to	/ni:d tu/	müssen	You <b>need to</b> stir the tea in the pot.
Unit 2	noodles (n pl)	/ˈnu:d(ə)ls/	Nudeln	<b>Noodles</b> are very popular in Japan and China.
Unit 2	normally (adv) ***	/ˈnɔ:(r)m(ə)li/	normalerweise	I <b>normally</b> have a cup of tea and toast for breakfast.
Unit 2	nose (n) ***	/nəʊz/	Nase	You use your <b>nose</b> to smell with.
Unit 2	nutrient (n)	/ˈnju:trɪənt/	Nährstoff	Water carries <b>nutrients</b> to all parts of the body.
Unit 2	nuts (n) **	/nʌts/	Nüsse	Baklava is a special cake made with honey and <b>nuts</b> .
Unit 2	onion (n) **	/ˈɒnjən/	Zwiebel	I always cry when I'm cutting <b>onions</b> .
Unit 2	oven (n) **	/ˈʌv(ə)n/	Ofen	Put the pizza in the <b>oven</b> for 20 minutes.
Unit 2	pan (n) **	/pæn/	Pfanne	You need a big <b>pan</b> to cook the noodles.
Unit 2	pasta (n) *	/ˈpæstə/	Pasta	People in Italy eat a lot of <b>pasta</b> .
Unit 2	peel (n) *	/pi:l/	schälen	<b>Peel</b> is the outside skin of a fruit or vegetable.
Unit 2	pizza (n) *	/ˈpɪtsə/	Pizza	<b>Pizza</b> is a typical Italian dish.
Unit 2	plate (n) ***	/pleɪt/	Teller	A <b>plate</b> is a flat, round dish that you put food on before you eat it.
Unit 2	popular (adj) ***	/ˈpɒpjələ(r)/	beliebt	Noodles are very <b>popular</b> in Japan and China.
Unit 2	portion (n) **	/ˈpɔ:(r)ʃ(ə)n/	Portion	Try to eat 5 <b>portions</b> of fruit and vegetables every day.
Unit 2	potato (n) **	/pəˈteɪtəʊ/	Kartoffel	Chips or French fries are fried <b>potatoes</b> .
Unit 2	preparation (n) ***	/ˌprepeɪrɪʃ(ə)n/	Verarbeitung	What are the secrets of good food <b>preparation</b> ?
Unit 2	prepare (v) ***	/prɪˈpeə(r)/	Vorbereitung	How long does it take to <b>prepare</b> your evening meal?
Unit 2	produce (v) ***	/prəˈdju:s/	Produkt	To <b>produce</b> 1 kilogram of beef, you need 100,000 litres of water.
Unit 2	provide (v) ***	/prəˈvaɪd/	versorgen	The average cost of <b>providing</b> clean water for one person is €23.
Unit 2	purify (v)	/ˈpjʊərɪfaɪ/	reinigen	The object is used for <b>purifying</b> water.
Unit 2	rice (n) **	/raɪs/	Reis	<b>Rice</b> is very popular in China and Japan.
Unit 2	salt (n) **	/sɔ:lt/	Salz	Don't eat too much <b>salt</b> .
Unit 2	salty (adj)	/ˈsɔ:lti/	salzig	Too much <b>salty</b> food is bad for you.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 2	sandwich (n) **	/ˈsæɪn(d)wɪtʃ/	Sandwich	We usually have a <b>sandwich</b> for lunch.
Unit 2	sauce (n) **	/sɔ:s/	Soße	The fried potatoes are cooked in a meat <b>sauce</b> .
Unit 2	saucepan (n) *	/ˈsɔ:spæn/	Kochtopf	You need a big <b>saucepan</b> to cook the noodles.
Unit 2	serve (v) ***	/sɜ:(r)v/	servieren	Roti is a kind of bread <b>served with</b> vegetables or lentils.
Unit 2	simple (adj) ***	/ˈsɪmp(ə)l/	simpel	Comfort food is <b>simple</b> and familiar.
Unit 2	sink (n) **	/sɪŋk/	Spülbecken	A <b>sink</b> is a container for water in a kitchen, used for washing things.
Unit 2	skin (n) ***	/skɪn/	Haut	Peel is the outside <b>skin</b> of a fruit or vegetable.
Unit 2	snack (n) *	/snæk/	Snack	A <b>snack</b> is a small amount of food that you eat between meals.
Unit 2	speciality (n) *	/speʃiˈʃæləti/	Spezialität	Poutine is a <b>speciality</b> of French Canada.
Unit 2	spicy (adj)	/ˈspasi/	würzig	<b>Spicy</b> food has a strong, hot taste.
Unit 2	spoon (n) *	/spu:n/	Löffel	A <b>spoon</b> is an object used for eating liquid food like soup.
Unit 2	steak (n) *	/steɪk/	Steak	<b>Steak</b> and chips is a popular meal in France.
Unit 2	stir (v) **	/stɜ:(r)/	rühren	You need to <b>stir</b> the tea in the pot.
Unit 2	storage (n) **	/ˈstɔ:ɹɪdʒ/	Lager	Food <b>storage</b> is the activity of keeping food fresh and clean before you eat it.
Unit 2	strong (adj) ***	/strɒŋ/	stark	Do you prefer <b>strong</b> tea or weak tea?
Unit 2	sugar (n) ***	/ˈʃʊɡə(r)/	Zucker	Fast food contains a lot of salt and <b>sugar</b> .
Unit 2	sweet (adj) ***	/swi:t/	süß	Cakes and chocolate are <b>sweet</b> food.
Unit 2	sweets (BrE) (n) *	/swi:tɪz/	Süßigkeiten	Children love <b>sweets</b> and chocolate.
Unit 2	taste (sweet/bitter) (v) **	/teɪst (swi:t/ˈbɪtə(r))/	schmecken (süß/sauer)	Lemons <b>taste bitter</b> .
Unit 2	taste like	/teɪst laɪk/	schmeckt wie	The meat <b>tastes like chicken</b> , but it's not.
Unit 2	tea (n) ***	/ti:/	Tee	Would you like a little milk in your <b>tea</b> ?
Unit 2	teapot (n)	/ˈtiːpɒt/	Teekanne	You need to stir the tea in the <b>teapot</b> .
Unit 2	temperature (n) ***	/ˈtemprɪtʃə(r)/	Temperatur	Water keeps our body <b>temperature</b> normal.
Unit 2	tend to	/tend tə/	neigen zu	We <b>tend to</b> eat out on Friday night.
Unit 2	toast (n) *		Tost	A toaster is used for making bread into <b>toast</b> .
Unit 2	toaster (n)	/ˈtəʊstə(r)/	Toaster	A <b>toaster</b> is used for making bread into toast.
Unit 2	underwater (adj)	/ˌʌndə(r)ˈwɔ:tə(r)/	unterwasser	The equipment is used for breathing <b>underwater</b> .
Unit 2	use (v) ***	/ju:z/	benutzen	In China, people <b>use</b> chopsticks to eat their food.
Unit 2	usually (adv) ***	/ˈju:ʒuəli/	normalerweise	We <b>usually</b> have a sandwich for lunch.
Unit 2	vegetable (n) ***	/ˈvedʒtəb(ə)l/	Gemüse	Peel is the outside skin of a fruit or <b>vegetable</b> .
Unit 2	waste (n) ***	/weɪst/	Abfall	Water removes <b>waste</b> from the body.
Unit 2	water (n) ***	/ˈwɔ:tə(r)/	Wasser	Human beings can't live without <b>water</b> .
Unit 2	water (v) *	/ˈwɔ:tə(r)/	bewässern	The can is used for <b>watering</b> plants.
Unit 2	weak (adj) ***	/wi:k/	schwach	<b>Weak</b> tea does not have a lot of taste.
Unit 2	wine (n) ***	/waɪn/	Wein	They bought a bottle of <b>wine</b> at the supermarket.
Unit 3	action film (n)	/ˈækʃ(ə)n ˌfɪlm/	Actionfilm	I like <b>action films</b> . I think they're exciting.
Unit 3	angry (adj) ***	/ˈæŋɡri/	verärgert	Why are you <b>angry</b> ?
Unit 3	anxious (adj) **	/ˈæŋkʃəs/	ängstlich	I always feel <b>anxious</b> before exams.
Unit 3	armchair (n) **	/ˈɑ:(r)m,tʃeə(r)/	Sessel	There are two <b>armchairs</b> in the living room.
Unit 3	art (n) ***	/ɑ:(r)t/	Kunst	What kind of <b>art</b> do you like?
Unit 3	audio cassette (n)	/ˈɔ:diəʊ kəˌset/	Kassette	CDs are more popular than <b>audio cassettes</b> .
Unit 3	block (n) ***	/blɒk/	Block	Under the <b>blocks</b> of stone were four valuable statues.
Unit 3	bored (adj) **	/bɔ:(r)d/	gelangweilt	He says he's <b>bored</b> at school.
Unit 3	broken heart (n)	/ˈbrəʊkən ˈhɑ:(r)t/	Gebrochenes Herz	If you have a <b>broken heart</b> , you feel extremely sad.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 3	button (n) **	/ˈbʌt(ə)n/	Knopf	Press the <b>button</b> on the DVD player to turn it on.
Unit 3	calm (adj) **	/kɑ:m/	ruhig	Quiet music makes people feel <b>calm</b> and relaxed.
Unit 3	carpet (n) **	/ˈkɑ:(r)pɪt/	Teppich	Do you have a <b>carpet</b> in your living room?
Unit 3	cave art (n)	/ˈkeɪv a(r)t/	Höhlenkunst	The picture shows an example of <b>cave art</b> .
Unit 3	CD (n) **	/ˌsi: ˈdi:/	CD	<b>CDs</b> are now more popular than audio cassettes.
Unit 3	cheerful (adj) *	/ˈtʃiə(r)fl(ə)l/	fröhlich	Someone who is <b>cheerful</b> is friendly and happy.
Unit 3	choral music (n)	/ˈkɔ:rəl ˌmju:zɪk/	Chormusik	<b>Choral music</b> is sung by a group of singers called a choir.
Unit 3	classical music (n)	/ˈklæsɪk(ə)l ˌmju:zɪk/	klassische Musik	Do you prefer contemporary or <b>classical music</b> ?
Unit 3	coffee table (n)	/ˈkɒfi ˌteɪb(ə)l/	Kaffeetisch	A <b>coffee table</b> is a small table in a living room where you can put drinks or books.
Unit 3	comedy film (n)	/ˈkɒmədi ˌfɪlm/	Komödie	I like <b>comedy films</b> -- they make me laugh.
Unit 3	concert (n) **	/ˈkɒnsə(r)t/	Konzert	Stefano went to a <b>concert</b> by Vasco Rossi, an Italian rock singer.
Unit 3	concert hall (n)	/ˈkɒnsə(r)t ˌhɔ:l/	Konzerthalle	The concert takes place in the city's big <b>concert hall</b> .
Unit 3	conductor (n) *	/kən ˈdʌktə(r)/	Dirigent	A <b>conductor</b> is someone who directs the musicians in an orchestra.
Unit 3	curtains (n pl) **	/ˈkɜ:(r)t(ə)nz/	Vorhänge	Close the <b>curtains</b> before you go to bed.
Unit 3	discover (v) ***	/dɪˈskʌvə(r)/	entdecken	A Greek peasant <b>discovered</b> the statues under blocks of stone.
Unit 3	discovered (adj)	/dɪˈskʌvə(r)d/	entdeckt	A copy of the American Declaration of Independence was <b>discovered</b> behind the picture.
Unit 3	discovery (n) ***	/dɪˈskʌv(ə)rɪ/	Entdeckung	Mexican workers made an important <b>discovery</b> when they were putting down electrical cables.
Unit 3	drama (n) ***	/ˈdrɑ:mə/	Drama	A <b>drama</b> is a film or play full of unusual or exciting events.
Unit 3	drummer (n)	/ˈdrʌmə(r)/	Schlagzeug(er)in	A <b>drummer</b> is someone who plays the drums.
Unit 3	DVD player (n)	/di: vi: ˈdi: pleɪə(r)/	DVD-Player	Press the button on the <b>DVD player</b> to turn it on.
Unit 3	eject (n)	/ɪˈdʒekt/	auswerfen	Press <b>eject</b> to open the tray.
Unit 3	excited (adj) **	/ɪk ˈsaɪtɪd/	aufgeregt	It's my birthday party this evening and I'm really <b>excited</b> .
Unit 3	fast forward (n)	/fɑ:st ˈfɔ:(r)wə(r)d/	Vorspulen	Press the <b>fast forward</b> button to go to a later part of the film.
Unit 3	figure (n) ***	/ˈfɪɡə(r)/	Figur	There were four statues -- three <b>figures</b> of the God Hermes, and one of Aphrodite.
Unit 3	frame (n) **	/freɪm/	Rahmen	He took the picture out of the <b>frame</b> and found an old document behind it.
Unit 3	frightened (adj) *	/ˈfraɪt(ə)nd/	verängstigt	I'm <b>frightened</b> of dogs.
Unit 3	guitarist (n)	/ɡɪˈtɑ:(r)ɪst/	Gitarist	A <b>guitarist</b> is someone who plays the guitar.
Unit 3	happy (adj) ***	/ˈhæpi/	glücklich	Someone who is cheerful is friendly and <b>happy</b> .
Unit 3	headphones (n pl)	/ˈhed ˌfəʊnz/	Kopfhörer	Put the <b>headphones</b> on and listen to the CD.
Unit 3	horror film (n)	/ˈhɒrə(r) ˌfɪlm/	Horrorfilm	<b>Horror films</b> make people feel frightened.
Unit 3	just (used for emphasis) (adv) ***	/dʒʌst/	einfach	<b>Just</b> listen to me, please!
Unit 3	just (= only) (adv) ***	/dʒʌst/	nur	She's <b>just</b> a little girl.
Unit 3	just (= exactly) (adv) ***	/dʒʌst/	genau	Thank you. That's <b>just</b> what I wanted.
Unit 3	lamp (n) **	/læmp/	Lampe	I can't see anything. Turn the <b>lamp</b> on, please.
Unit 3	laughter (n) **	/ˈlɑ:ftə(r)/	Gelächter	<b>Laughter</b> is the sound that people make when they laugh.
Unit 3	live (adj) **	/laɪv/	live, Live...	Stefano thinks that Vasco Rossi is one of the best <b>live</b> singers in the world.
Unit 3	loss (n) ***	/lɒs/	Verlust	<b>Loss</b> is a feeling of sadness because someone you love is no longer there.
Unit 3	manuscript (n) *	/ˈmænju ˌskrɪpt/	Manuskript	The old <b>manuscript</b> was a copy from 1776 of the American Declaration of Independence.
Unit 3	melody (n)	/ˈmelədi/	Melodie	<b>Melody</b> is the way your voice goes up and down when you sing or speak.
Unit 3	mirror (n) ***	/ˈmɪrə(r)/	Spiegel	A <b>mirror</b> is a piece of glass that you can see yourself in.
Unit 3	misery (n) **	/ˈmɪzəri/	Elend	<b>Misery</b> is the feeling of being extremely unhappy.
Unit 3	MP3 player (n)	/em pi: θri: ˈpleɪə(r)/	MP3-Player	In 1997, the first <b>MP3 player</b> appeared.
Unit 3	music (n) ***	/ˈmjuzɪk/	Musik	What sort of <b>music</b> do you like?
Unit 3	musical (n)	/ˈmjuzɪk(ə)l/	Musical	Bollywood <b>musicals</b> are very colourful.
Unit 3	novel (n) ***	/ˈnɒv(ə)l/	Roman	Oscar Wilde was a writer of plays, poetry and <b>novels</b> .

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 3	orchestra (n) **	/ˈɔ:(r)kɪstrə/	Orchester	How many musicians play in the <b>orchestra</b> ?
Unit 3	original (n) ***	/əˈrɪdʒ(ə)nəl/	Original	It was not a reproduction -- it was a Van Gogh <b>original</b> .
Unit 3	pain (n) ***	/peɪn/	Schmerz	<b>Pain</b> is the feeling you have when you are sad and disappointed.
Unit 3	painting (n) ***	/ˈpeɪntɪŋ/	Malerei	This is a <b>painting</b> by Van Gogh.
Unit 3	pause (n) **	/paʊz/	Pause	Press the <b>pause</b> button to stop the film for a few moments.
Unit 3	photograph (n) ***	/ˈfəʊtəˌɡrɑ:f/	Fotografie	A camera takes <b>photographs</b>
Unit 3	play (n) ***	/pleɪ/	Theaterstück	Oscar Wilde was a writer of <b>plays</b> , poetry and novels.
Unit 3	play (v) ***	/pleɪ/	spielen	Do you <b>play</b> a musical instrument?
Unit 3	plug in (phr v)	/plʌɡ ɪn/	einstecken	You can't use the DVD player if you don't <b>plug it in</b> !
Unit 3	poetry (n) **	/ˈpəʊtri/	Poesie	Oscar Wilde was a writer of plays, <b>poetry</b> and novels.
Unit 3	record (n) ***	/ˈrekɔ:(r)d/	Platte	CDs are much more common than <b>records</b> now.
Unit 3	recording (n)	/rɪˈkɔ:(r)dɪŋ/	Aufnahme	Records have <b>recordings</b> on both sides of the disc.
Unit 3	record player (n)	/ˈrekɔ:(r)d ˌpleɪə(r)/	Plattenspieler	This is an old-fashioned <b>record player</b> .
Unit 3	relaxed (adj) *	/rɪˈlæksɪd/	entspannt	Quiet music makes people feel calm and <b>relaxed</b> .
Unit 3	rejection (n) **	/rɪˈdʒekʃ(ə)n/	Ablehnung	<b>Rejection</b> is the feeling you have when someone you love does not love you.
Unit 3	rewind (n)	/rɪˈwaɪnd/	Rückspulen	Press the <b>rewind</b> button to go to an earlier part of the film.
Unit 3	rock group (n)	/ˈrɒk ˌɡrʊp/	Rockgruppe	Do you have a favourite <b>rock group</b> ?
Unit 3	romantic comedy (n)	/ˈrɒməntɪk ˌkɒmədi/	romantische Komödie	"Amelie" is the star of a French <b>romantic comedy</b> .
Unit 3	rhyme (n) *	/raɪm/	reimen	<b>Rhyme</b> is what happens when a word ends with the same sound as another word, for example "like" and "bike".
Unit 3	sad (adj) ***	/sæd/	traurig	A lot of the songs that kids listen to are very <b>sad</b> .
Unit 3	scared (adj) **	/skeəd(r)d/	verängstigt	If you are <b>scared</b> of something, you are frightened of it.
Unit 3	science-fiction film (n)	/ˈsaɪəns fɪkʃ(ə)n ˌfɪlm/	Science-Fiction-Film	A <b>science-fiction film</b> is about future events and life on other planets.
Unit 3	sculpture (n) **	/ˈskʌlptʃə(r)/	Skulptur	Workers in Mexico City discovered a huge <b>sculpture</b> of the Aztec moon goddess.
Unit 3	self-portrait (n)	/ˈself ˌpɔ:(r)treɪt/	Selbstportrait	A <b>self-portrait</b> is a painting that an artist does of himself or herself.
Unit 3	shelf (n) **	/ʃelf/	Regal	Please put the books back on the <b>shelf</b> .
Unit 3	singing (n)	/ˈsɪŋɪŋ/	Singen	<b>Singing</b> is the activity of singing songs.
Unit 3	sketch (n) *	/sketʃ/	Skizze	A <b>sketch</b> is a drawing that is done very quickly without many details.
Unit 3	sleepy (adj) *	/ˈsli:pi/	schläfrig	If you feel <b>sleepy</b> , you feel as if you want to sleep.
Unit 3	sofa (n) *	/ˈsəʊfə/	Sofa	A <b>sofa</b> is a comfortable piece of furniture that two or three people can sit on.
Unit 3	song (n) ***	/sɒŋ/	Lied	How many <b>songs</b> do you have on your MP3 player?
Unit 3	songwriter (n)	/ˈsɒŋˌraɪtə(r)/	Liedermacher/-komponist	Rossi is a good <b>songwriter</b> -- he writes great rock songs.
Unit 3	statue (n) **	/ˈstætʃu:/	Statue	The <i>Venus de Milo</i> <b>statue</b> is in the Louvre art gallery in Paris.
Unit 3	stone (n) ***	/stəʊn/	Stein	Under the blocks of <b>stone</b> were four valuable statues.
Unit 3	stop (n) **	/stɒp/	Stopp	Press the <b>stop</b> button at the end of the film.
Unit 3	studio (n) ***	/ˈstju:diəʊ/	Studio	Andy works a lot in a music <b>studio</b> .
Unit 3	tears (n) **	/tɪə(r)z/	Tränen	<b>Tears</b> are the drops of liquid that come from your eyes when you cry.
Unit 3	tense (adj) *	/tens/	angespannt	If you feel <b>tense</b> , you feel nervous and worried.
Unit 3	the eighties/nineties, etc.	/ðə ˈeɪtɪz/ˈnaɪntɪz/	die Achtziger/Neunziger, etc.	I was born in <b>the nineties</b> .
Unit 3	thriller (n) *	/ˈθrɪlə(r)/	Thriller	A <b>thriller</b> is a film that tells an exciting story.
Unit 3	tired (adj) ***	/ˈtaɪə(r)d/	müde	She didn't sleep well, and now she's <b>tired</b> .
Unit 3	tune (n) **	/tju:n/	Melodie	A <b>tune</b> is a song or simple piece of music.
Unit 3	turn down (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌdaʊn/	runter/leiser drehen/stellen	That music's too loud. <b>Turn it down!</b>
Unit 3	turn off (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌɒf/	abschalten	Just press the "Off" button to <b>turn</b> the machine <b>off</b> .
Unit 3	turn on (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌɒn/	einschalten	Just press the "On" button to <b>turn</b> the machine <b>on</b> .
Unit 3	turn up (phr v)	/ˈtɜ:(r)n ˌʌp/	auf/lauter drehen/stellen	I can't hear what they're saying. <b>Turn</b> the volume <b>up</b> .



	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 3	undiscovered (adj)	/ˌʌndɪ'skʌvə(r)d/	unentdeckt	Van Gogh's painting was <b>undiscovered</b> until the dealer saw it on the wall.
Unit 3	valuable (adj) ***	/ˈvæljʊb(ə)l/	wertvoll	The <i>Vase with Flowers</i> is extremely <b>valuable</b> – it sold for \$1.4 million.
Unit 3	video cassette (n)	/ˈvɪdiəʊ ˌkæset/	Videokassette	DVDs are now more popular than <b>video cassettes</b> .
Unit 3	wall (n) ***	/wɔ:l/	Wand	The dealer saw an original Van Gogh painting hanging on the <b>wall</b> .
Unit 3	window (n) ***	/ˈwɪndəʊ/	Fenster	What can you see through the <b>window</b> ?
Unit 3	work of art (n)	/ˈwɜ:(r)k əv ˌɑ:(r)t/	Kunstwerk	The article is about four different <b>works of art</b> .
Unit 4	aid organisation (n)	/ˈeɪd ˌɔ:(r)ɡənɪzətʃ(ə)n/	Hilfsorganisation	Josh and Helle work for an <b>aid organisation</b> .
Unit 4	aid worker (n)	/ˈeɪd ˌwɜ:(r)kə(r)/	Hilfsarbeiter(in)	Josh and Helle are <b>aid workers</b> .
Unit 4	area (n) ***	/ˈeəriə/	Gebiet	What <b>area</b> of the town do you live in?
Unit 4	awful (adj) **	/ˈɔ:f(ə)l/	schrecklich	People in the developing world have some <b>awful</b> problems.
Unit 4	beautiful (adj) ***	/ˈbjʊ:tɪf(ə)l/	schön	I want to be <b>beautiful</b> when I grow up.
Unit 4	boring (adj) **	/ˈbɔ:rnɪŋ/	langweilig	He thought the film was too long and <b>boring</b> .
Unit 4	burn (v) ***	/bɜ:(r)n/	verbrennen	In <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> , firemen <b>burn</b> books at a temperature of 451 degrees.
Unit 4	carbon emissions (n pl)	/ˈkɑ:(r)bən ɪˌmɪʃ(ə)nz/	CO2-Ausstoß	We need to reduce <b>carbon emissions</b> to reduce global warming.
Unit 4	child psychology (n)	/ˈtʃɪld saɪˌkɒlədʒi/	Kinderpsychologie	Josh is a teacher and Helle has a background in <b>child psychology</b> .
Unit 4	clever (adj) **	/ˈklevə(r)/	klug	" <b>Clever</b> " is another word for "intelligent".
Unit 4	climate change (n)	/ˈklaɪmət ˌtʃleɪndʒ/	Klimaveränderung	What are the signs of <b>climate change</b> ?
Unit 4	control (v) ***	/kənˈtrəʊl/	kontrollieren	In <i>Nineteen Eighty-Four</i> , the government <b>controls</b> everything.
Unit 4	criminal (n) ***	/ˈkrɪmɪn(ə)l/	kriminell	In <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> , it is <b>criminal</b> to be an intellectual.
Unit 4	currently (adv) ***	/ˈkʌrəntli/	momentan	English is <b>currently</b> the international language of business.
Unit 4	dangerous (adj) ***	/ˈdeɪndʒərəs/	gefährlich	Climate change is <b>dangerous</b> for our planet.
Unit 4	desert (n) **	/ˈdezə(r)t/	Wüste	Areas of <b>desert</b> are increasing now.
Unit 4	despair (n) *	/dɪˈspeə(r)/	Verzweiflung	Without hope, people feel <b>despair</b> .
Unit 4	destroy (v) ***	/dɪˈstrɔɪ/	zerstören	In <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> , firemen burn and <b>destroy</b> books.
Unit 4	the developing world (n)	/ ðə dɪˈveləpɪŋ ˌwɜ:(r)d/	die Entwicklungsländer	The majority of boys and girls say they would like things to get better in <b>the developing world</b> .
Unit 4	die (v) ***	/daɪ/	sterben	Soldiers <b>die</b> in wars.
Unit 4	disease (n) ***	/dɪˈzi:z/	Krankheit	A lot of people in poor countries suffer from <b>disease</b> .
Unit 4	driving test (n)	/ˈdraɪvɪŋ ˌtest/	Fahrprüfung	Passing the <b>driving test</b> is more important for boys than for girls.
Unit 4	energy-saving (adj)	/ˈenə(r)dʒi ˌseɪvɪŋ/	energiesparend	<b>Energy-saving</b> light bulbs use less electricity.
Unit 4	essential (adj) ***	/ɪˈsenʃ(ə)l/	notwendig	In my profession, it is <b>essential</b> to speak English.
Unit 4	excellent (adj) ***	/ˈekselənt/	exzellent/ausgezeichnet	" <b>Excellent</b> " means extremely good.
Unit 4	fall in love	/fɔ:l ɪn lʌv/	sich verlieben	In <i>Nineteen Eighty-Four</i> , the main character, Winston, <b>falls in love</b> with Julia.
Unit 4	fear (n) ***	/fɪə(r)/	Angst	One of my <b>fears</b> is that I won't get a good job.
Unit 4	fireman (n)	/ˈfaɪə(r)mən/	Feuerwehrmann/-frau	In <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> , <b>firemen</b> don't stop fire, they start them.
Unit 4	flood (n) **	/flʌd/	Überschwemmung	A <b>flood</b> is a natural disaster in which a large amount of water covers a dry area.
Unit 4	foreign aid (n)	/ˈfɔ:rn ˌeɪd/	Entwicklungshilfe	Denmark gives a lot of <b>foreign aid</b> to poor countries.
Unit 4	forest fire (n)	/ˈfɔ:rst ˌfaɪə(r)/	Waldbrand	There are a lot of <b>forest fires</b> in Mexico.
Unit 4	frightening (adj) *	/ˈfraɪt(ə)nɪŋ/	beängstigend	Horror films are very <b>frightening</b> .
Unit 4	the future (n) ***	/ðə ˈfju:tʃə(r)/	die Zukunft	What are your hopes for <b>the future</b> ?
Unit 4	get around (phr v)	/get əˈraʊnd/	herumkommen	Someone who <b>gets around</b> a lot travels to a lot of different places.
Unit 4	get away (phr v)	/get əˈweɪ/	davonkommen	Someone who <b>gets away</b> leaves a place or escapes from it.
Unit 4	get back (phr v)	/get bæk/	zurückkommen	When you <b>get back</b> from a journey, you return home.
Unit 4	get together (phr v)	/get təˈgeðə(r)/	zusammenkommen	I usually <b>get together</b> with my friends at the weekend.
Unit 4	get up (phr v)	/get ʌp/	aufstehen	What time do you <b>get up</b> in the morning?

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 4	global warming (n) *	/ˈɡləʊb(ə)l ˌwɔː(r)mɪŋ/	Globale Erwärmung	We need to reduce carbon emissions to reduce <b>global warming</b> .
Unit 4	be going to	/bi ˈɡəʊɪŋ tuː/	werden	Josh and Helle <b>are going to</b> work with children in Guatemala.
Unit 4	good-looking (adj) **	/ɡʊd ˈlʊkɪŋ/	gutaussehend	I want to be <b>good-looking</b> when I grow up.
Unit 4	government (n) ***	/ˈɡʌvə(r)nɪmənt/	Regierung	In <i>Nineteen Eighty-Four</i> , the <b>government</b> controls everything.
Unit 4	graph (n)	/ɡrɑːf/	Diagramm	The <b>graph</b> shows how much money developed countries give to foreign aid.
Unit 4	handsome (adj) **	/ˈhænds(ə)m/	attraktiv	A <b>handsome</b> man or boy is good-looking.
Unit 4	help (v) ***	/help/	Hilfe	Foreign aid is money that developed countries give to <b>help</b> poorer countries.
Unit 4	homelessness (n)	/ˈhəʊmləsnes/	Obdachlosigkeit	<b>Homelessness</b> is the problem of not having anywhere to live.
Unit 4	hope (n) ***	/həʊp/	Hoffnung	What are your <b>hopes</b> for the future?
Unit 4	hope (v) ***	/həʊp/	hoffen	She <b>hopes</b> to have a rich husband.
Unit 4	hunger (n) *	/ˈhʌŋɡə(r)/	Hunger	<b>Hunger</b> is the problem of not having enough to eat.
Unit 4	ice (n) ***	/aɪs/	Eis	Large blocks of <b>ice</b> are melting because of global warming.
Unit 4	intellectual (n) **	/ˌɪntəˈlektʃʊəl/	intellektuell	In <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> , it is criminal to be an <b>intellectual</b> .
Unit 4	intelligent (adj) **	(ɪn)ˈtelɪdʒ(ə)nt/	intelligent	She's an <b>intelligent</b> girl and hopes to go to university.
Unit 4	interested (adj) ***	/ˈɪntrəstɪd/	interessiert	Are you <b>interested</b> in the world's problems?
Unit 4	interesting (adj) ***	/ˈɪntrəstɪŋ/	interessant	<i>A Handmaid's Tale</i> is a very <b>interesting</b> book.
Unit 4	lake (n) **	/leɪk/	See	<b>Lakes</b> and rivers are disappearing because of climate change.
Unit 4	look forward to	/lʊk ˈfɔː(r)wɔː(r)d tuː/	sich auf etw. freuen	They're <b>looking forward to</b> getting married.
Unit 4	the majority of (n) ***	/ðə məˈdʒɔːrəti ɒv/	die Mehrheit von	<b>The majority of</b> boys and girls say they would like things to get better in the developing world.
Unit 4	natural disaster (n)	/ˈnætʃ(ə)rəl dɪˌzɑːstə(r)/	Naturkatastrophe	Storms, floods, and forest fires are all types of <b>natural disaster</b> .
Unit 4	necessary (adj) ***	/ˈnesəs(ə)ri/	nötig	In my profession, it is <b>necessary</b> to speak English.
Unit 4	now (adv) ***	/naʊ/	jetzt	Areas of desert are increasing <b>now</b> .
Unit 4	nowadays (adv) **	/ˈnaʊəˌdeɪz/	heutzutage	English is very important <b>nowadays</b> .
Unit 4	ocean (n) **	/ˈəʊj(ə)n/	Ozean/Meer	<b>Oceans</b> are getting warmer because of climate change.
Unit 4	own (v) ***	/əʊn/	besitzen	In <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> , people can't <b>own</b> or read books.
Unit 4	packaging (n) *	/ˈpækɪdʒɪŋ/	Verpackung	When you buy food or other products nowadays, there's too much <b>packaging</b> .
Unit 4	plan (v) **	/plæn/	planen	I'm <b>planning</b> to have just one child.
Unit 4	It's possible.	/ɪts ˈpɒsəb(ə)l/	Es ist möglich.	"I think there will be a nuclear disaster." " <b>It's possible.</b> "
Unit 4	poverty (n) **	/ˈpɒvə(r)ti/	Armut	<b>Poverty</b> is a situation in which people do not have enough money.
Unit 4	pregnant (adj) **	/ˈpregnənt/	schwanger	She's <b>pregnant</b> and is going to have a baby in August.
Unit 4	project (n) ***	/ˈprɒdʒekt, ˈpraʊdʒekt/	Projekt	The organisation Susana works for is going to start a <b>project</b> in Ethiopia.
Unit 4	recycle (v) *	/rɪˈsaɪk(ə)l/	recyceln	We <b>recycle</b> all our paper and glass.
Unit 4	relaxing (adj)	/rɪˈlæksɪŋ/	entspannend	Quiet music is <b>relaxing</b> .
Unit 4	responsible for (adj)	/rɪˈspɒnsəb(ə)l fɔː(r)/	verantwortlich (für)	Josh and Helle are going to be <b>responsible for</b> the children.
Unit 4	rich (adj) ***	/rɪtʃ/	reich	When she grows up, she hopes to have a <b>rich</b> husband.
Unit 4	river (n) ***	/ˈrɪvə(r)/	Fluss	Lakes and <b>ivers</b> are disappearing because of climate change.
Unit 4	say sorry	/ˈseɪ ˈsɒri/	sich entschuldigen	It's important to <b>say sorry</b> if you've done something bad.
Unit 4	smart (adj) **	/smɑː(r)t/	schlau	" <b>Smart</b> " is another word for "intelligent".
Unit 4	social class (n)	/ˈsəʊʃ(ə)l ˌklɑːs/	Gesellschaftsklasse	In the novel <i>Brave New World</i> adults are divided into five <b>social classes</b> .
Unit 4	storm (n) **	/stɔː(r)m/	Sturm	<b>Storms</b> , floods, and forest fires are all types of natural disaster.
Unit 4	I'm sure.	/aɪm ʃʊə(r)/	Ich bin sicher.	<b>I'm sure</b> we'll have wars in the future.
Unit 4	surprised (adj) ***	/sə(r)ˈpraɪzd/	überrascht	I was <b>surprised</b> to see them at the concert.
Unit 4	surprising (adj) ***	/sə(r)ˈpraɪzɪŋ/	überraschend	It's <b>surprising</b> that she didn't come to the party.
Unit 4	terrible (adj) ***	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	schrecklich	There are <b>terrible</b> problems in the developing world.
Unit 4	terrified (adj)	/ˈterəfaɪd/	erschrocken	If you are <b>terrified</b> , you are extremely frightened.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 4	terrifying (adj)	/ˈterəˌfaɪɪŋ/	erschreckend	Something that is <b>terrifying</b> makes you feel extremely frightened.
Unit 4	thought (n) ***	/θɔ:t/	Gedanke	In <i>Nineteen Eighty-Four</i> , the government controls everything, even people's <b>thoughts</b> .
Unit 4	troubles (n pl) ***	/ˈtrʌb(ə)lz/	Schwierigkeit	In Greek mythology, Pandora had a box containing all the world's <b>troubles</b> .
Unit 4	violence (n) ***	/ˈvaɪələns/	Gewalt	I hope there will be less <b>violence</b> in the future.
Unit 4	vital (adj) ***	/ˈvaɪt(ə)l/	wichtig	It's <b>vital</b> to speak English -- it's an international language.
Unit 4	war (n) ***	/wɔ:(r)/	Krieg	Soldiers die in <b>wars</b> .
Unit 4	wealthy (adj) **	/ˈwelθi/	reich	Someone who is <b>wealthy</b> has a lot of money.
Unit 4	well-off (adj)	/wel ɒf/	wohlhabend	Someone who is <b>well-off</b> has a lot of money.
Unit 4	wise (adj) **	/waɪz/	weise	Someone who is <b>wise</b> is intelligent and understand a lot of things.
Unit 4	wonderful (adj) ***	/ˈwʌndə(r)f(ə)l/	wundervoll	"Did you enjoy the holiday?" "Yes, it was <b>wonderful</b> ."
Unit 4	worrying (adj) *	/ˈwʌrɪɪŋ/	beunruhigend	The pictures show some <b>worrying</b> signs of climate change.
Unit 4	I would like to ...	/aɪ wʊd laɪk tu/	Ich möchte ...	<b>I would like to</b> have a nice house and a lot of money when I grow up.
Unit 5	accent (n) **	/ˈæks(ə)nt/	Akzent	Rajeshwari has to speak in an American <b>accent</b> all the time.
Unit 5	amusement park (n)	/əˈmjuzmənt ˌpɑ:(r)k/	Freizeitpark	Have you ever been to an <b>amusement park</b> ?
Unit 5	annoy (v) **	/əˈnɔɪ/	verärgern	It <b>annoys</b> people when people use jargon carelessly.
Unit 5	bonus (n) **	/ˈbɒnəs/	Bonus	A <b>bonus</b> is extra money that you get when you work, for example if you do your job very well.
Unit 5	book (n) ***	/bʊk/	Buch	Do you like to read <b>books</b> ?
Unit 5	builder (n) **	/ˈbɪldə(r)/	Bauarbeiter(in)	A <b>builder</b> is someone whose job is to build and repair houses,
Unit 5	building (n) ***	/ˈbɪldɪŋ/	Gebäude	The call centre is in an office <b>building</b> .
Unit 5	call centre (n)	/kɔ:l ˌsentə(r)/	Callcenter	Rajeshwari works in a <b>call centre</b> in New Delhi, India.
Unit 5	call in (phr v)	/kɔ:l ɪn/	Bescheid sagen	Susan has <b>called in</b> sick and she can't work this Saturday morning.
Unit 5	casual (adj) **	/ˈkæʒuəl/	locker	Examples of <b>casual</b> leisure are watching television or going for a walk.
Unit 5	chat (v) **	/tʃæt/	plaudern	She spends a lot of time <b>chatting</b> on the phone.
Unit 5	cheap (adj) ***	/tʃi:p/	billig	Companies use call centres because they are <b>cheaper</b> .
Unit 5	chess (n) *	/tʃes/	Schach	Can you play <b>chess</b> ?
Unit 5	circus (n)	/ˈsɜ:(r)kəs/	Zirkus	Have you ever seen a <b>circus</b> ?
Unit 5	coin (n) **	/kɔɪn/	Münze	Some people like to collect things such as <b>coins</b> or stamps.
Unit 5	collect (v) ***	/kəˈlekt/	sammeln	Some people like to <b>collect</b> things such as coins or stamps.
Unit 5	company (n) ***	/ˈkʌmp(ə)ni/	Firma	<b>Companies</b> use call centres because they are cheaper.
Unit 5	computer (n) ***	/kəmˈpjʊtə(r)/	Computer	Do you play games on your <b>computer</b> ?
Unit 5	cook (v) ***	/kʊk/	kochen	He <b>cooks</b> dinner for his family every evening.
Unit 5	deliberately (adv) **	/dɪˈlɪb(ə)rətli/	absichtlich	People get angry when people use jargon <b>deliberately</b> .
Unit 5	desk (n) ***	/desk/	Schreibtisch	Your <b>desk</b> is the place where you sit in an office to do your work.
Unit 5	disc jockey (n)	/ˈdɪsk ˌdʒɔki/	DJ (Disc Jockey)	A <b>disc jockey</b> is someone whose job is to play CDs in a club or on the radio.
Unit 5	do (sport/exercise) (v) ***	/du: (spɔ:(r)l/ˈeksə(r)səz/	machen	How much exercise do you <b>do</b> every week?
Unit 5	doctor (n) ***	/ˈdɒktə(r)/	Arzt/Ärztin	A <b>doctor</b> is someone whose job is to treat people who are ill or injured,
Unit 5	dress code (n)	/ˈdres ˌkəʊd/	Dresscode/Kleiderordnung	There's quite a formal <b>dress code</b> at my workplace.
Unit 5	earn (v) ***	/ɜ:(r)n/	verdienen	I would like to <b>earn</b> a lot of money in my job.
Unit 5	employ (v) ***	/ɪmˈplɔɪ/	beschäftigen	How many people does the call centre <b>employ</b> ?
Unit 5	employee (n) ***	/ɪmˈplɔɪi/	Angestellte(r)/Beschäftigte(r)	All our <b>employees</b> must wear a suit.
Unit 5	exercise (n) ***	/ˈeksə(r)səz/	trainieren	How much <b>exercise</b> do you do every week?
Unit 5	expensive (adj) ***	/ɪkˈspensɪv/	teuer	American workers are more <b>expensive</b> to employ.
Unit 5	film (n) ***	/fɪlm/	Film	I like to watch <b>films</b> on DVD.
Unit 5	flexitime (n)	/ˈfleksɪˌtaɪm/	gleitende Arbeitszeit	<b>Flexitime</b> means employees work a fixed number of hours, but can start and finish when they like.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 5	gardening (n)	/'gɑ:(r)d(ə)nɪŋ/	Gartenarbeit	I usually do the <b>gardening</b> at weekends.
Unit 5	go for	/'gəʊ fɔ:(r)/	mit etw. beginnen/etw. anstreben	"Let's <b>go for</b> a walk." "That's a good idea."
Unit 5	have to	/hæv tu/	müssen	Flexitime means employees <b>have to</b> work a fixed number of hours, but can start and finish when they like.
Unit 5	health spa (n)	/'helθ ,spɑ:/	Kurbad/-ort	Have you ever stayed at a <b>health spa</b> ?
Unit 5	hire (v) **	/'haɪə(r)/	mieten	Rajeshwari was very happy when the company <b>hired</b> her.
Unit 5	interview (n) ***	/'ɪntə(r),vju:/	Interview	It was her first <b>interview</b> , but she got the job.
Unit 5	job (n) ***	/dʒɒb/	Job/Arbeit	She has a good <b>job</b> and earns a lot of money.
Unit 5	journalist (n) **	/'dʒɜ:(r)nəlɪst/	Journalist(in)	A <b>journalist</b> is someone whose job is to write articles for newspapers,
Unit 5	lawyer (n) ***	/'lɔ:(r)jə(r)/	Anwalt/Anwältin	A <b>lawyer</b> is someone whose job is to provide legal advice and services,
Unit 5	leisure (n) **	/'leɪʒə(r)/	Freizeit	<b>Leisure</b> time is time when you are not working.
Unit 5	lie (n) **	/laɪ/	Lüge	My name is not really Katie Jones -- that's a little <b>lie</b> , I suppose!
Unit 5	lifestyle (n) **	/'laɪf,staɪl/	Lebensstil	To have a healthy <b>lifestyle</b> , you need a balance between work and play.
Unit 5	lunch break (n)	/'lʌntʃ ,breɪk/	Mittagspause	They get an hour's <b>lunch break</b> .
Unit 5	manager (n) ***	/'mænɪdʒə(r)/	Manager(in)	A <b>manager</b> is someone whose job is to control the work of a business or department,
Unit 5	merry-go-round (n)	/'merɪgəʊ,raʊnd/	Karussell	Have you ever ridden on a <b>merry-go-round</b> ?
Unit 5	middle class (adj)	/'mɪd(ə)l ,klɑ:s/	Mittelschicht	Someone who is <b>middle class</b> has a professional job and is neither very rich nor very poor.
Unit 5	musician (n) **	/'mjʊzɪʃ(ə)n/	Musiker(in)	A <b>musician</b> is someone who performs or writes music as their job.
Unit 5	must (v) ***	/'mʌst/	müssen	You <b>must</b> respect the dress code.
Unit 5	the news (n) ***	/ðə nju:z/	die Nachrichten	My parents watch <b>the news</b> every night.
Unit 5	newspaper (n) ***	/'nju:z,peɪpə(r)/	Zeitung	Do you read a <b>newspaper</b> ?
Unit 5	nurse (n) ***	/'nɜ:(r)s/	Krankenschwester/Krankenpfleger	A <b>nurse</b> is someone who is trained to look after ill or injured people, especially in a hospital.
Unit 5	personal (adj) ***	/'pɜ:(r)s(ə)nəl/	persönlich	Workers must not send <b>personal</b> email messages at work.
Unit 5	personal development (n)	/'pɜ:(r)s(ə)nəl dɪ,veləpmənt/	Persönlichkeitsentwicklung	Serious leisure activities lead to <b>personal development</b> .
Unit 5	player (n) ***	/'pleɪə(r)/	Spieler(in)	How many <b>players</b> are there in a football team?
Unit 5	playful (adj)	/'pleɪf(ə)l/	spielerisch	Someone who is <b>playful</b> enjoys having fun.
Unit 5	police officer (n)	/'pə'li:s ,ɒfɪsə(r)/	Polizist(in)	A <b>police officer</b> is someone catches criminals and makes sure people obey the law,
Unit 5	politician (n) ***	/'pɒlə'tɪʃ(ə)n/	Politiker(in)	A <b>politician</b> is someone who has a job in politics,
Unit 5	precision (n) *	/'preɪ'sɪʒ(ə)n/	Präzision/Genauigkeit	Specialised terms or "jargon" add <b>precision</b> to language.
Unit 5	private (adj) ***	/'praɪvət/	privat	You can't use the computer to send <b>private</b> emails.
Unit 5	qualification (n) ***	/'kwɒlɪfɪ'keɪʃ(ə)n/	Qualifikation	What are Nathalie's <b>qualifications</b> ?
Unit 5	read (v) ***	/'ri:d/	lesen	Do you <b>read</b> a newspaper?
Unit 5	respect (v) **	/'rɪspekt/	respektieren	You must <b>respect</b> the dress code at your workplace.
Unit 5	roller coaster (n)	/'rɒləʊə(r) ,kəʊstə(r)/	Achterbahn	Have you ever ridden on a <b>roller coaster</b> ?
Unit 5	(starting) salary (n) *	/( 'stɑ:(r)tuŋ) 'sæləri/	(Einstiegs-)Gehalt	Her <b>starting salary</b> is 16,000 rupees (£190) a month.
Unit 5	security guard (n)	/'sɪ:kjʊəɪti ,gɑ:(r)d/	Sicherheitswachmann/frau	A <b>security guard</b> is someone whose job is to protect a place from attack or damage.
Unit 5	self-confidence (n)	/'self 'kɒnfɪd(ə)ns/	Selbstbewusstsein	<b>Self-confidence</b> is the feeling that you can do things well, and that people respect you.
Unit 5	serious (adj) ***	/'sɪəriəs/	seriös	Examples of <b>serious</b> leisure are volunteer work, or making or collecting things.
Unit 5	shift (n) **	/'ʃɪft/	Schicht	If you work night <b>shifts</b> , it's difficult to have a social life.
Unit 5	shop assistant (n)	/'ʃɒp əsɪst(ə)nt/	Verkäufer(in)	A <b>shop assistant</b> is someone whose job is to serve people in a shop
Unit 5	skill (n) ***	/'skɪl/	Fähigkeit	You need computer <b>skills</b> for a lot of jobs nowadays.
Unit 5	specialised (adj)	/'speʃəlaɪzɪd/	spezialisiert	<b>Specialised</b> terms or "jargon" add precision to language.
Unit 5	sport (n) ***	/'spɔ:(r)t/	Sport	"Do you do <b>sport</b> ?" "Yes, I do football and tennis."
Unit 5	stamp (n) **	/'stæmp/	Briefmarke	Some people like to collect things such as coins or <b>stamps</b> .
Unit 5	take off (phr v)	/'teɪk ɒf/	frei/Urlaub nehmen	If you work this Saturday, you can <b>take</b> next Saturday <b>off</b> .
Unit 5	teacher (n) ***	/'ti:tʃə(r)/	Lehrer(in)	A <b>teacher</b> is someone whose job is to teach.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 5	television (n) ***	/ˈtɛlɪ.vɪʒ(ə)n/	Fernseher	How much <b>television</b> do you watch every week?
Unit 5	theme park (n)	/θi:m ˌpɑ:(r)k/	Freizeitpark	Have you ever been to a <b>theme park</b> ?
Unit 5	training (n) ***	/ˈtreɪnɪŋ/	Schulung	<b>Training</b> is the activity of teaching people the skills they need to do a job.
Unit 5	video game (n) *	/ˈvɪdiəʊ ˌɡeɪm/	Videospiel	Have you ever played a <b>video game</b> ?
Unit 5	volunteer work (n)	/ˈvɒlɒntə(r) ˌwɜ:(r)k/	Freiwilligenarbeit	<b>Volunteer work</b> is unpaid work that you do to help other people.
Unit 5	wages (n pl) ***	/ˈweɪdʒɪz/	Lohn	<b>Wages</b> are a regular amount of money that you earn for doing a job.
Unit 5	waiter (n) *	/ˈweɪtə(r)/	Kellner(in)	A <b>waiter</b> is someone whose job is to serve people in a cafe or restaurant,
Unit 5	walk (n) ***	/wɔ:k/	Spaziergang	"Let's go for a <b>walk</b> ." "That's a good idea."
Unit 5	watch (v) ***	/wɒtʃ/	schauen	How much television do you <b>watch</b> every week?
Unit 5	water park (n)	/ˈwɔ:tə(r) ˌpɑ:(r)k/	Wasserpark/Erlebnisbad (meist mit vielen Rutschen)	Have you ever been to a <b>water park</b> ?
Unit 5	work (n) ***	/wɜ:(r)k/	Arbeit	Rajeshwari enjoys her <b>work</b> .
Unit 5	worker (n) ***	/ˈwɜ:(r)kə(r)/	Arbeiter(in)	How many <b>workers</b> does the call centre employ?
Unit 5	work experience (n)	/ˈwɜ:(r)k ˌɪkspəriəns/	Berufserfahrung	<b>Work experience</b> is previous jobs that you have done.
Unit 5	workplace (n) *	/ˈwɜ:(r)kˌpleɪs/	Arbeitsplatz	You must respect the dress code at your <b>workplace</b> .
<b>Unit 6</b>	In addition ...	(ɪn) əˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	außerdem	You can download music from this website and, <b>in addition</b> , it's free.
Unit 6	I'm afraid so.	/aɪm əˈfreɪd səʊ/	Leider (ja).	"You're not ill, are you?" "I'm <b>afraid so</b> ."
Unit 6	argue (v) ***	/ɑ:(r)ɡju/	diskutieren/argumentieren/darlegen/auch: streiten	Researchers <b>argue</b> that people with close relationships are happier.
Unit 6	as well as	/æz wɛl əz/	sowie auch	You can download games, <b>as well as</b> music and videos.
Unit 6	auction (n) *	/ˈɔ:kʃ(ə)n/	Versteigerung	Online <b>auctions</b> are big business nowadays.
Unit 6	back up (phr v)	/ˈbæk ʌp/	sichern	You must always <b>back up</b> your work.
Unit 6	because (conjunction) ***	/bɪˈkɒz/	weil	I like the internet <b>because</b> you can contact people all over the world.
Unit 6	calculate (v) **	/ˈkælkjuleɪt/	berechnen	How do social scientists <b>calculate</b> happiness?
Unit 6	chat room (n)	/tʃæt ˌru:m/	Chat-Room	A <b>chat room</b> is a type of website where people can exchange messages.
Unit 6	close (adj) ***	/kləʊs/	eng	Researchers argue that people with <b>close</b> relationships are happier.
Unit 6	conclude (v) ***	/kənˈklu:d/	schlussfolgern	Researchers <b>conclude</b> that poor people are less happy than rich people.
Unit 6	connection (n) ***	/kəˈnekʃ(ə)n/	Verbindung	If there's a problem with your internet <b>connection</b> , you may need a new electrical cable.
Unit 6	content (adj) **	/kənˈtent/	zufrieden	Someone who is <b>content</b> is happy and satisfied with life.
Unit 6	Definitely. (=Yes) (adv) **	/ˈdef(ə)nətli/	Bestimmt!	"Are you coming to the party on Saturday?" " <b>Definitely</b> ."
Unit 6	dirty (adj) ***	/ˈdɜ:(r)ti/	dreckig	Office rubbish is much less <b>dirty</b> than restaurant rubbish.
Unit 6	disgusting (adj) *	/dɪsˈɡʌstɪŋ/	ekelhaft	Restaurant rubbish is <b>disgusting</b> !
Unit 6	be down	/bi daʊn/	niedergeschlagen sein	He's a bit <b>down</b> because he didn't pass his driving test.
Unit 6	download (v)	/ˈdaʊnˌləʊd/	herunterladen	You can <b>download</b> lots of things from the internet.
Unit 6	economist (n) *	/iˈkɒnəmɪst/	Ökonom(in)	An <b>economist</b> is an expert in economics.
Unit 6	effects (n) ***	/iˈfekts/	Effekt	What are the <b>effects</b> of zero gravity on the human body?
Unit 6	enjoyable (adj) *	(ɪn) ˈdʒɔɪəb(ə)l/	angenehm	Many people's lives are more <b>enjoyable</b> as they get older.
Unit 6	examine (v) ***	/ɪɡˈzæmɪn/	untersuchen	We have <b>examined</b> the relationship between money and happiness.
Unit 6	existence (n) ***	/ɪɡˈzɪst(ə)n(s)/	Dasein / Leben	If you work from home, it can be a lonely <b>existence</b> .
Unit 6	experiment (n) ***	/ɪkˈspɪrɪmənt/	Experiment	Scientists did an <b>experiment</b> to discover the effects of zero gravity on the human body.
Unit 6	feel low	/fi:lləʊ/	deprimiert sein	I'm <b>feeling a bit low</b> -- I don't know why.
Unit 6	Finally ... (adv) ***	/ˈfɑɪnəli/	schließlich	<b>Finally</b> , I think the benefits of the internet are much greater than the disadvantages.
Unit 6	Firstly ... (adv) **	/ˈfɜ:(r)stli/	abschließend	<b>Firstly</b> , I'd like to talk about the advantages of the internet.
Unit 6	First of all ...	/ˈfɜ:(r)st əv ɔ:l/	als erstes	<b>First of all</b> , I'd like to talk about the advantages of the internet.
Unit 6	fit (adj) **	/fɪt/	fit	Someone who is <b>fit</b> is active and healthy.
Unit 6	fly (n) **	/flaɪ/	Fliege	A <b>fly</b> is a very common small insect.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 6	friendship (n) **	/ˈfrendʃɪp/	Freundschaft	<b>Friendship</b> is very important in people's lives.
Unit 6	gloves (n) **	/glʌvz/	Handschuhe	You must wear <b>gloves</b> if you're picking up objects that are dirty.
Unit 6	go down (phr v)	/ˌɡəʊ ˈdaʊn/	abstürzen	If your computer <b>goes down</b> , it stops working.
Unit 6	gravity (n) *	/ˈɡrævəti/	Anziehungskraft	<b>Gravity</b> is the force that makes something or someone fall to the ground.
Unit 6	hacker (n)	/ˈhækə(r)/	Hacker(in)	Computer <b>hackers</b> are people who deliberately cause problems on other people's computers.
Unit 6	happiness (n) **	/ˈhæpɪnəs/	Glück	Do you agree that <b>happiness</b> is a basic human right?
Unit 6	healthy (adj) ***	/ˈhelθi/	gesund	Happy people are more <b>healthy</b> than unhappy people.
Unit 6	sb's heart sinks	/sʌmbədɪz hɑː(r)t sɪŋks/	jmds Herz wird schwer / mutlos werden	<b>My heart sank</b> when I had to go back to work.
Unit 6	insect (n) **	/ˈɪnsɛkt/	Insekte	A fly is a very common small <b>insect</b> .
Unit 6	item (n) ***	/ˈaɪtəm/	Gegenstand	People sometimes try to sell fake <b>items</b> on eBay™.
Unit 6	keyboard (n) *	/ˈkiːbɔː(r)d/	Tastatur	Type in your password using the <b>keyboard</b> .
Unit 6	landfill (n)	/ˈlænd(ɪ)ˌfɪl/	Mülldeponie	<b>Landfill</b> is a large hole in the ground where rubbish is put.
Unit 6	laptop (n)	/ˈlæp,tɒp/	Laptop	I use my <b>laptop</b> on the train when I'm going to work.
Unit 6	Lastly ... (adv) *	/ˈlɑːstli/	schließlich / zuletzt	<b>Lastly</b> , I think the benefits of the internet are much greater than the disadvantages.
Unit 6	lift sb's spirits	/lɪft sʌmbədɪz spɪrɪts/	jmds Stimmung heben	It <b>lifted my spirits</b> to see them again.
Unit 6	log on (phr v)	/lɒɡ ɒn/	einloggen	<b>Log on</b> using your username and password.
Unit 6	loneliness (n)	/ˈlɒnəlɪnəs/	Einsamkeit	Karen enjoys her job, except for the <b>loneliness</b> .
Unit 6	machine (n) ***	/məˈʃiːn/	Maschine	Luddites were people who deliberately destroyed <b>machines</b> .
Unit 6	memory stick (n)	/ˈmem(ə)rɪˌstɪk/	Memory stick	Use a <b>memory stick</b> to back up your work.
Unit 6	Me too/neither.	/miː tuːˈnaɪðə(r)/	Ich auch (nicht).	"I love internet chat rooms." " <b>Me too.</b> "
Unit 6	mouse pad (n)	/maʊs pæd/	Computermaus	A <b>mouse pad</b> is a piece of material where you put your computer mouse.
Unit 6	Me neither. (adv)	/miː ˈnaɪðə(r)/	Ich auch nicht.	"I don't like internet chat rooms." " <b>Me neither.</b> "
Unit 6	nervousness (n)	/ˈnɜː(r)vəsnes/	Nervosität	<b>Nervousness</b> is the feeling you have when you are worried or frightened about something.
Unit 6	objective (n) ***	/əbˈdʒektɪv/	Ziel	It's important to have an <b>objective</b> , or purpose, in life.
Unit 6	online (adj) **	/ˈɒnlaɪn/	online	<b>Online</b> auctions are big business nowadays.
Unit 6	online (adv)	/ˈɒnlaɪn/	online	You can buy and sell almost anything <b>online</b> .
Unit 6	outlook (n) *	/ˈaʊt,lʊk/	Perspektive	Your <b>outlook</b> on life is your attitude, and whether you are happy or not.
Unit 6	painter (n) **	/ˈpeɪntə(r)/	Maler	Van Gogh was a famous <b>painter</b> .
Unit 6	participate (v) **	/pɑː(r)ˈtɪsɪpeɪt/	teilnehmen	I <b>participated</b> in an experiment to discover the effects of zero gravity on the human body
Unit 6	password (n) *	/ˈpɑːs,wɔːd/	Passwort	Don't tell anyone your <b>password</b> .
Unit 6	printer (n) **	/ˈprɪntə(r)/	Drucker	What sort of <b>printer</b> have you got?
Unit 6	print out (phr v)	/ˈprɪnt ˌaʊt/	ausdrucken	I would like to <b>print</b> this document <b>out</b> .
Unit 6	purpose (n) ***	/ˈpɜː(r)pəs/	Absicht	It's important to have an objective, or <b>purpose</b> , in life.
Unit 6	registered user (n)	/ˌredʒɪstə(r)d ˈjuːzə(r)/	registrierte/r Nutzer	How many <b>registered users</b> are there on eBay™?
Unit 6	relationship (n) ***	/rɪˈleɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/	Beziehung	Good <b>relationships</b> are very important.
Unit 6	researcher (n)	/rɪˈsɜː(r)tʃə(r)/, /ˈrɪsɜː(r)tʃə(r)/	Forscher(in)	<b>Researchers</b> argue that people with close relationships are happier.
Unit 6	revolutionise (v)	/ˌrevəˈluːʃənaɪz/	revolutionieren	The internet has <b>revolutionised</b> life.
Unit 6	rubbish (n) **	/ˈrʌbɪʃ/	Abfall	Office <b>rubbish</b> is much less dirty than restaurant <b>rubbish</b> .
Unit 6	satisfied (adj) *	/ˈsætɪsfɑɪd/	zufrieden	If you are <b>satisfied</b> with your life, you are happy with it.
Unit 6	save (work) (v) ***	/seɪv (wɜː(r)k)/	(Arbeit) sichern	It's important to remember to <b>save</b> your <b>work</b> .
Unit 6	scholarship (n) *	/ˈskɒlə(r)ʃɪp/	Stipendium	Karen won a NASA <b>scholarship</b> to research a special project.
Unit 6	science (n) ***	/ˈsaɪəns/	Wissenschaft	You can see some pictures of the worst jobs in <b>science</b> .
Unit 6	scientist (n) ***	/ˈsaɪəntɪst/	Wissenschaftler(in)	A <b>scientist</b> is someone who does scientific research.
Unit 6	screen (n) ***	/skriːn/	Bildschirm	What can you see on your computer <b>screen</b> ?
Unit 6	Secondly ... (adv) **	/ˈsekən(d)li/	Zweitens ...	Firstly, I'd like to talk about the advantages of the internet, and <b>secondly</b> about the disadvantages.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 6	shut down (phr v)	/ʃʌt daʊn/	herunterfahren	<b>Shut down</b> the computer and then turn it on again.
Unit 6	silence (n) ***	/ˈsaɪləns/	Stille	<b>Silence</b> is a situation in which everything is quiet and you can't hear any noise.
Unit 6	smile (n) ***	/smaɪl/	Lächeln	Frankenstein's lips opened in a terrible <b>smile!</b>
Unit 6	smile (v) ***	/smaɪl/	Lächeln	Frankenstein turned and <b>smiled</b> at me.
Unit 6	stressful (adj)	/ˈstresfʊl/	stressig	Teenage children can be more <b>stressful</b> than young children.
Unit 6	technology (n) ***	/tek'nɒlədʒi/	Technologie	Advances in <b>technology</b> have changed people's lives.
Unit 6	text message (n)	/ˈtekst məsɪdʒ/	Kurznachricht	How many <b>text messages</b> do you send every day?
Unit 6	That's right. (=Yes.)	/ðætɪz raɪt/	Das ist richtig.	"Does the meeting start at 11.00?" " <b>That's right.</b> "
Unit 6	be on top of the world	/bi ɒn tɒp əv ðə wɜː(r)ld/	sich glücklich fühlen / Erfolg haben	<b>I'm on top of the world.</b> I've passed my driving test.
Unit 6	turn (sb) around (phr v)	/tɜː(r)n ('sʌmbədi) ə'raʊnd/	jmdn herumdrehen	A special machine <b>turned us around</b> and around really quickly.
Unit 6	type in (phr v)	/taɪp ɪn/	eingeben	<b>Type in</b> your password on the keyboard.
Unit 6	username (n)	/ˈjuːzə(r),neɪm/	Benutzername	Log on using your <b>username</b> and password.
Unit 6	valid (adj) **	/ˈvælɪd/	gültig	Your password is no longer <b>valid</b> .
Unit 6	virus (n) ***	/ˈvaɪrəs/	Virus	Computer hackers are people who deliberately put <b>viruses</b> on other people's computers.
Unit 6	be walking on air	/be 'wɔːkɪŋ ɒn eə(r)/	sich wie im siebten Himmel fühlen	<b>I'm walking on air.</b> I've passed my driving test.
Unit 6	want (v) ***	/wɒnt/	wollen	Everyone <b>wants</b> to be happy.
Unit 6	weakness (n) **	/ˈwiːknəs/	Schwäche	Anger and jealousy are both <b>weaknesses</b> in people's personalities.
Unit 6	weather (n) ***	/ˈweðə(r)/	Wetter	Good <b>weather</b> makes people happier.
Unit 6	wrinkled (adj)	/ˈrɪŋk(ə)ld/	faltig	Frankenstein's skin was <b>wrinkled</b> and yellow.
Unit 6	go wrong	/ɡəʊ rɒŋ/	fehlschlagen	The experiment to create life from a dead body <b>went wrong</b> .
Unit 6	Yeah. (=Yes.) (adv) ***	/jeə/	Ja!/Klar!(umgangsspr.)	"Are you OK?" " <b>Yeah.</b> "
Unit 6	Yep. (=Yes.) (adv) *	/jep/	Ja!/Klar!(umgangsspr.)	"Are you OK?" " <b>Yep.</b> "
Unit 7	account (n) ***	/ə'kaʊnt/	Konto	We have put some money in a bank <b>account</b> for our children.
Unit 7	I agree	/aɪ ə'grɪ:/	Ich bin einverstanden.	"I don't think you need a lot of money to be happy." " <b>I agree.</b> "
Unit 7	already (adv) ***	/ɔːl'reɪdi/	schon	He hasn't started work yet and he <b>already</b> owes \$10,000.
Unit 7	at (prep) ***	/æt/	um	The meeting starts <b>at</b> 11.00.
Unit 7	bill (n) ***	/bɪl/	Rechnung	How much is your electricity <b>bill</b> every month?
Unit 7	borrow (v) **	/ˈbɒrəʊ/	ausleihen	More than 7 million people <b>borrow</b> money from the Grameen Bank.
Unit 7	borrower (n) *	/ˈbɒrəʊə(r)/	Schuldner	97% of the Grameen Bank's <b>borrowers</b> are women.
Unit 7	cash (n) ***	/kæʃ/	Bargeld	I have about £50 <b>cash</b> in my wallet.
Unit 7	change your watch/the clocks	/tʃeɪndʒ jɔː(r) 'wɒtʃ/ðə 'klɒks/	die Uhr/Zeit umstellen	In the UK, we <b>change the clocks</b> twice a year.
Unit 7	cheque (n) **	/tʃek/	Scheck	You can pay by cash, credit card, or <b>cheque</b> .
Unit 7	coin (n) **	/kɔɪn/	Münze	Have you got any <b>coins</b> for the parking meter?
Unit 7	concern (n) ***	/kən'sɜː(r)n/	Sorge	A " <b>concern</b> " is another word for a "worry".
Unit 7	confusion (n) **	/kən'fjuːʒ(ə)n/	Verwirrung	When people travelled in the 19th century, there was a lot of <b>confusion</b> about time.
Unit 7	date (n) ***	/deɪt/	Datum	"What <b>date</b> is your birthday?" "March 22nd."
Unit 7	day (n) ***	/deɪ/	Tag	"What <b>day</b> is your birthday this year?" "Wednesday."
Unit 7	I disagree	/aɪ ˌdɪsə'grɪ:/	Ich bin anderer Meinung.	"I think you need a lot of money to be happy." " <b>I disagree.</b> "
Unit 7	DST (=daylight saving time) (n)	/diː es 'tiː/	Sommerzeit	<b>DST</b> is another way of saying "summer time".
Unit 7	enjoyment (n) *	(ɪn)'dʒɔɪnmənt/	Vergnügen	People don't have much time for <b>enjoyment</b> nowadays.
Unit 7	extra time (n)	/ɪk'strə ˌtaɪm/	Spielverlängerung	The score was 2-2 and the teams played 30 minutes of <b>extra time</b> .
Unit 7	financial (adj) ***	/faɪ'nænʃ(ə)l/	finanziell	A lot of students have got <b>financial</b> worries.
Unit 7	for (prep) ***	/fɔː(r), fɔː(r)/	seit	I've been a teacher <b>for</b> 25 years.
Unit 7	free time (n)	/ˈfriː ˌtaɪm/	Freizeit	What do you do in your <b>free time</b> ?

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 7	GET (=Greenwich Electronic Time) (n)	/ˌdʒi: i 'ti:/	Greenwich Electronic Time	<b>GET</b> has existed since the year 2000.
Unit 7	gift (n) ***	/ɡɪft/	Geschenk	A <b>gift</b> is another word for a "present".
Unit 7	GMT (=Greenwich Mean Time) (n)	/ˌdʒi: em 'ti:/	Europäische Zeit/(Koordinierte) Weltzeit	The time zone system is based on <b>GMT</b> .
Unit 7	heir (n) **	/eə(r)/	Erbe	An <b>heir</b> is someone who has inherited money from someone who has died.
Unit 7	hour (n) ***	/aʊə(r)/	Stunde	There are <b>24 hours</b> in a day.
Unit 7	How much is it?/How much does it cost?	/hau mʌtʃ ɪz ɪt/hau mʌtʃ dɔz ɪt kɒst/	Wie viel ist es?/Wie viel kostet es?	This is a beautiful watch. <b>How much is it?</b>
Unit 7	in (prep) ***	(ɪn)/	am	I usually go <b>in</b> the evening.
Unit 7	inheritance (n) **	(ɪn)'herɪt(ə)ns/	Erbschaft	An <b>inheritance</b> is money that someone inherits from someone who has died.
Unit 7	jet lag (n)	/dʒet læɡ/	Jetlag	<b>Jet lag</b> is a feeling of being very tired after you have travelled across different time zones.
Unit 7	jewellery (n) **	/'dʒu:ələri/	Schmuck	Watches are a type of <b>jewellery</b> .
Unit 7	lack (v) **	/læk/	mangeln	Iayse thinks people <b>lack</b> time for the important things in life.
Unit 7	lend (v) **	/lend/	leihen	The Grameen Bank <b>lends</b> money to more than 7 million people.
Unit 7	loan (n) ***	/ləʊn/	Kredit	The young couple went to three banks to ask for a <b>loan</b> .
Unit 7	measure (v) ***	/'meʒə(r)/	messen	People used to <b>measure</b> time using the sun.
Unit 7	money (n) ***	/'mʌni/	Geld	How important do you think that <b>money</b> is?
Unit 7	month (n) ***	/'mʌnθ/	Monat	There are <b>12 months</b> in a year.
Unit 7	mortgage (n) **	/'mɔ:ʒ(r)ɡɪdʒ/	Hypothek	A <b>mortgage</b> is an amount of money that you borrow in order to buy a house or flat.
Unit 7	mother tongue (n)	/'mʌðə(r) ,tʌŋ/	Muttersprache	Your <b>mother tongue</b> is the first language that you learn to speak.
Unit 7	need (v) ***	/'ni:d/	brauchen	Does your school or college <b>need</b> new equipment?
Unit 7	note (=paper money) (n) ***	/'nəʊt/	Note	I've got about £20 <b>note</b> in my purse.
Unit 7	obligation (n) ***	/'ɒblɪ'geɪʃ(ə)n/	Pflicht	People spend a lot of time worrying about work and other <b>obligations</b> .
Unit 7	on (prep) ***	/ɒn/	am	My birthday is <b>on</b> March 22nd.
Unit 7	opinion (n) ***	/'ɒpɪnjən/	Meinung	It is my <b>opinion</b> that people should spend more time seeing friends and family.
Unit 7	overtime (n) *	/'əʊvə(r),tʌm/	Überzeit	He works <b>overtime</b> to earn more money.
Unit 7	owe (v) ***	/əʊ/	schulden	He <b>owes</b> €12,000 to the bank.
Unit 7	pay back (phr v)	/'peɪ ,bæk/	zurückzahlen	Many students are too poor to <b>pay</b> their loans <b>back</b> .
Unit 7	pension (n) ***	/'penʃ(ə)n/	Pension	People who have retired receive a <b>pension</b> from the government.
Unit 7	pocket money (n) *	/'pɒkɪt ,mʌni/	Taschengeld	<b>Pocket money</b> is money that you give to your children to buy things like sweets and toys.
Unit 7	portable (adj) *	/'pɔ:ʃ(r)tbə(ə)l/	tragbar	A <b>portable</b> object can be carried around with you.
Unit 7	profit (n) ***	/'prɒfɪt/	Profit	The Grameen Bank makes a <b>profit</b> almost every year.
Unit 7	purse (n) *	/'pɜ:(r)s/	Geldbeutel	I have about £50 cash in my <b>purse</b> .
Unit 7	save time	/'seɪv ,tʌm/	Zeit sparen	Items such as washing machines and microwaves help people <b>save</b> time.
Unit 7	savings (n pl) *	/'seɪvɪŋs/	Ersparnisse	Your <b>savings</b> are money that you have saved over a period of time.
Unit 7	season (n) ***	/'si:z(ə)n/	Jahreszeit	There are 4 <b>seasons</b> in a year.
Unit 7	shadow (n) ***	/'ʃædəʊ/	Schatten	People used to measure time using the <b>shadow</b> of sun.
Unit 7	since (prep) ***	/'sɪns/	seit	I've worked at this school <b>since</b> 1995.
Unit 7	spare time (n) *	/'speə(r) ,tʌm/	Freizeit	What do you do in your <b>spare time</b> ?
Unit 7	spend time	/'spend ,tʌm/	Zeit verbringen	A lot of people <b>spend time</b> rushing from place to place.
Unit 7	standard (adj) ***	/'stændə(r)d/	standardisiert, einheitlich	Time zones exist in order to create a single, <b>standard</b> time.
Unit 7	I think ...	/aɪ 'θɪŋk/	Ich denke ... / Ich glaube ...	<b>I think</b> people don't have enough free time nowadays.
Unit 7	time (n) ***	/'taɪm/	Zeit	When people travelled in the 19th century, there was a lot of confusion about <b>time</b> .
Unit 7	time zone (n)	/'taɪm ,zəʊn/	Zeitzone	The <b>time zone</b> system is based on GMT.
Unit 7	UTC (=Coordinated Universal Time) (n)	/'ju ti: 'si:/	UTC (koordinierte Weltzeit)	<b>UTC</b> is an abbreviation for Coordinated Universal Time.
Unit 7	view (n) ***	/'vju:/	Ansicht	It is my <b>view</b> that people should spend more time seeing friends and family.
Unit 7	waste of time	/'weɪst əv ,tʌm/	Zeitverschwendung	Watching television can be a <b>waste of time</b> .



	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 7	watch (n) ***	/ˈwɒtʃ/	Uhr	<b>Watches</b> are a type of jewellery.
Unit 7	wristwatch (n)	/ˈrɪs(t),wɒtʃ/	Armbanduhr	<b>Wristwatches</b> are a type of jewellery.
Unit 7	year (n) ***	/jɪə(r)/	Jahr	How many days are there in a <b>year</b> ?
Unit 7	yet (adv) ***	/jet/	noch	He hasn't started work <b>yet</b> and he already owes \$10,000.
<b>Unit 8</b>	<b>across (prep) ***</b>	/ə'krɒs/	über	We walked <b>across</b> a bridge over the river.
Unit 8	afraid of	/ə'freɪd əv/	Angst vor ... haben	Are you <b>afraid of</b> spiders?
Unit 8	along (prep) ***	/ə'lɒŋ/	entlang	They cycled <b>along</b> the river.
Unit 8	ancient (adj) ***	/ˈeɪnʃ(ə)nt/	historisch	Venice is an <b>ancient</b> but beautiful city.
Unit 8	attraction (n) **	/ə'trækʃ(ə)n/	Attraktion	What are the main tourist <b>attractions</b> in your country?
Unit 8	balcony (n) *	/ˈbælkəni/	Balkon	They stood on the <b>balcony</b> looking at the beautiful view.
Unit 8	bathroom (n) **	/ˈbɑːθ,rʊm/	Badezimmer	There's a bath and a shower in the <b>bathroom</b> .
Unit 8	beach resort (n)	/ˈbi:tʃ ˈrɪzɔː(r)t/	Badeort	When we're on holiday, we usually stay at <b>beach resorts</b> .
Unit 8	bedroom (n) ***	/ˈbed,rʊm/	Schlafzimmer	Do you have a TV in your <b>bedroom</b> ?
Unit 8	bleed (v) *	/bliːd/	bluten	If you are <b>bleeding</b> , blood is coming from a part of your body.
Unit 8	block of flats (n)	/ˈblɒk əv flæts/	Häuserblock	In Georgia, there are lots of <b>blocks of flats</b> .
Unit 8	bored of	/bɔː(r)d əv/	gelangweilt von	She's 18 and <b>bored of</b> school.
Unit 8	budget (n) ***	/ˈbʌdʒɪt/	billig	Students who don't have a lot of money are interested in <b>budget</b> travel.
Unit 8	budgie (n)	/ˈbʌdʒi/	Wellensittich	A <b>budgie</b> is a small bird that is a common pet.
Unit 8	call back (phr v)	/ˈkɔːl ˌbæk/	zurückrufen	"Can I take a message?" "No thanks, I'll <b>call back</b> ."
Unit 8	castle (n) **	/ˈkɑːs(ə)l/	Schloss	Have you ever visited Dracula's <b>castle</b> ?
Unit 8	cat (n) ***	/kæt/	Katze	<b>Cats</b> and dogs are very popular pets.
Unit 8	city centre (n)	/ˈsɪti ˌsentə(r)/	Stadtzentrum	There's a big market in the <b>city centre</b> at weekends.
Unit 8	construct (v) ***	/kən'strʌkt/	bauen	The Mariinsky Palace was <b>constructed</b> in the 18th century.
Unit 8	cottage (n) **	/ˈkɒtɪdʒ/	Häuschen	A <b>cottage</b> is a house in the countryside.
Unit 8	countryside (n) ***	/ˈkʌntriˌsaɪd/	Landschaft	There's some beautiful <b>countryside</b> in the north of Slovakia.
Unit 8	dining room (n) *	/ˈdaɪnɪŋ ˌruːm/	Esszimmer	We eat all our meals in the <b>dining room</b> .
Unit 8	disaster area (n)	/dɪˈzɑːstə(r) ˌeəriə/	Katastrophengebiet	Ground Zero in New York is an example of a <b>disaster area</b> .
Unit 8	discount (n) **	/ˈdɪsˌkaʊnt/	Rabatt	A <b>discount</b> is a reduction in the price of something.
Unit 8	dog (n) ***	/dɒg/	Hund	Cats and <b>dogs</b> are very popular pets.
Unit 8	domestic (adj) ***	/də'mestɪk/	hier: Haus-(tier)	A <b>domestic</b> animal can be kept as a pet.
Unit 8	down (prep) ***	/daʊn/	herunter	The children were up a tree and their mother asked them to come <b>down</b> .
Unit 8	drive (v) ***	/draɪv/	fahren	Let's go for a <b>drive</b> to the beach.
Unit 8	estimate (v) ***	/ˈestɪmeɪt/	abschätzen	We <b>estimate</b> that there are 500 million domestic cats in the world.
Unit 8	extremely (adv) ***	/ɪk'striːmli/	extrem/sehr	She's <b>extremely</b> worried about the exams.
Unit 8	fairly (adv) ***	/ˈfeə(r)li/	ziemlich	He's <b>fairly</b> good at English.
Unit 8	film set (n)	/ˈfɪlm ˌset/	Filmkulisse	A <b>film set</b> is all the buildings that are made specially for a film.
Unit 8	filthy (adj) *	/ˈfɪlθi/	schmutzig	" <b>Filthy</b> " is a word that means extremely dirty.
Unit 8	fin (n)	/fɪn/	Flosse	A <b>fin</b> is a thin, flat part that sticks out from the body of a fish.
Unit 8	fond of *	/fɒnd əv/	gerne ...	They're very <b>fond of</b> travelling.
Unit 8	front door (n) *	/ˈfrʌnt ˌdɔː(r)/	Eingangstüre	The <b>front door</b> is painted blue.
Unit 8	fur (n) *	/fɜː(r)/	Fell	The rabbit has black and white <b>fur</b> .
Unit 8	ghost (n) **	/ɡəʊst/	Geist	A <b>ghost</b> is the spirit of a dead person that someone believes they can see or hear.
Unit 8	goldfish (n)	/ˈɡəʊldˌfɪʃ/	Goldfisch	Can you see the two <b>goldfish</b> ?
Unit 8	good at ***	/ɡʊd æt/	gut sein bei	She's <b>good at</b> languages.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 8	guidebook (n) *	/ˈɡaɪd.bʊk/	Reiseführer	Baedeker's published the first modern <b>guidebooks</b> .
Unit 8	hall (n) ***	/hɔːl/	Flur	They walked through the front door and into the <b>hall</b> .
Unit 8	Halloween (n)	/ˌhæləʊˈiːn/	Halloween	<b>Halloween</b> is on the night of 31st October.
Unit 8	hamster (n)	/ˈhæmstə(r)/	Hamster	A <b>hamster</b> is a small animal like a mouse that some people keep as a pet.
Unit 8	haunted (adj)	/ˈhɑːntɪd/	heimgesucht	Some people say that the Tower of London is <b>haunted</b> by the ghosts of two princes.
Unit 8	headquarters (n) **	/ˌhedˈkwɔː(r)tə(r)z/	Hauptsitz	The Mariyinsky Palace was used as military <b>headquarters</b> between 1917 and 1920.
Unit 8	hold (v) ***	/həʊld/	warten	The line's busy. Do you want to <b>hold</b> ?
Unit 8	home (n) ***	/həʊm/	Zuhause	What time do you finish work and go <b>home</b> ?
Unit 8	horse (n) ***	/hɔː(r)s/	Pferd	Have you ever ridden a <b>horse</b> ?
Unit 8	house (n) ***	/haʊs/	Haus	In Bolivia the <b>houses</b> are different colours.
Unit 8	in (prep) ***	(ɪn)/	in	The little girl fell <b>in</b> the water.
Unit 8	interested in ***	/ˈɪntrəstɪd ɪn/	interessiert an	I'm <b>interested in</b> most sports.
Unit 8	into (prep) ***	/ˈɪntuː/	ins	He ran <b>into</b> the room, excited.
Unit 8	journey (n) ***	/ˈdʒɜː(r)nɪ/	Reise	The <b>journey</b> from London to Manchester took 2.5 hours.
Unit 8	kitchen (n) ***	/ˈkɪtʃɪn/	Küche	We have a big fridge-freezer in our <b>kitchen</b> .
Unit 8	living room (n) **	/ˈlɪvɪŋ ˌruːm/	Wohnzimmer	There's a small sofa in the <b>living room</b> .
Unit 8	market (n) ***	/ˈmɑː(r)kɪt/	Markt	There's a big <b>market</b> in the city centre at weekends.
Unit 8	mouse (n) **	/maʊs/	Maus	A hamster is a small animal like a <b>mouse</b> that some people keep as a pet.
Unit 8	noise (n) ***	/nɔɪz/	Geräusch	The <b>noise</b> at the door was the family's cat, Mimosch!
Unit 8	operating theatre (n)	/ˈɒpəreɪtɪŋ ˈθiətə(r)/	Operationsaal	Doctors do operations in an <b>operating theatre</b> .
Unit 8	operation (n) ***	/ˌɒpəˈreɪʃ(ə)n/	Operation	Doctors do <b>operations</b> in an operating theatre.
Unit 8	out of (prep) ***	/aʊt ɒv/	aus	She got slowly <b>out of</b> the car.
Unit 8	past (prep) ***	/pɑːst/	vorbei	We drove <b>past</b> some shops.
Unit 8	pet (n) **	/pet/	Haustier	Have you got any <b>pets</b> ?
Unit 8	predict (v) ***	/prɪˈdɪkt/	voraussagen	The World Tourism Organisation <b>predicts</b> that by 2020 there will be more than 1.6 billion travellers every year.
Unit 8	prince (n) **	/prɪns/	Prinz	What were the names of the <b>princes</b> in the Tower of London?
Unit 8	prisoner (n) ***	/ˈprɪz(ə)nə(r)/	Gefangene/r	Two of the most famous <b>prisoners</b> in the Tower of London were princes.
Unit 8	purr (v)	/pɜː(r)/	schnurren	Cats <b>purr</b> when they are happy.
Unit 8	put sb through (phr v)	/put ˈsʌmbədi θruː/	verbinden (am Telefon)	"Can I speak to Lilliane?" "I'll <b>put you through</b> ."
Unit 8	quite (adv) ***	/kwɪt/	ziemlich	The homes in Bolivia are <b>quite</b> varied.
Unit 8	rabbit (n) **	/ˈræbɪt/	Hase	A <b>rabbit</b> is an animal with fur and big ears.
Unit 8	residence (n) **	/ˈrezɪd(ə)ns/	Wohnort	The article is about official <b>residences</b> around the world.
Unit 8	resort (n) *	/rɪˈzɔː(r)t/	Ferienort/Resort	When we're on holiday, we usually stay at beach <b>resorts</b> .
Unit 8	review (n) **	/rɪˈvjuː/	Kritik	The Michelin guidebooks contain restaurant <b>reviews</b> .
Unit 8	review (v) ***	/rɪˈvjuː/	prüfen	The Michelin star system is used for <b>reviewing</b> restaurants.
Unit 8	ride (n) **	/raɪd/	Fahrt/Ritt	Let's go for a <b>ride</b> to the seaside.
Unit 8	sacred (adj) **	/ˈseɪkrɪd/	heilig	Cats were considered to be <b>sacred</b> animals in Ancient Egypt.
Unit 8	slightly (adv) ***	/ˈslɑːtli/	etwas	I'm <b>slightly</b> taller than my sister.
Unit 8	snake (n) *	/sneɪk/	Schlange	I'm afraid of <b>snakes</b> .
Unit 8	spider (n) *	/ˈspɑɪdə(r)/	Spinne	Are you afraid of <b>spiders</b> ?
Unit 8	storm (n) **	/stɔː(r)m/	Sturm	A <b>storm</b> almost destroyed the building.
Unit 8	study (n) ***	/ˈstʌdi/	Arbeitszimmer	A <b>study</b> is a room that people use to work in.
Unit 8	tail (n) **	/teɪl/	Schwanz	Some dogs have short <b>tails</b> , and some dogs have long <b>tails</b> .
Unit 8	terraced house (n)	/ˈterəst ˌhaʊs/	Reihenhaus	There are lots of <b>terraced houses</b> in Belfast.
Unit 8	through (prep) ***	/θruː/	durch	The coach drove <b>through</b> some beautiful countryside.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 8	toilet (n) **	/ˈtɔɪlət/	Toilette	Where is the <b>toilet</b> ?
Unit 8	tour (n) ***	/tuə(r)/	Rundfahrt	We did a <b>tour</b> of Montreal on a special bus.
Unit 8	tourism (n) **	/ˈtuərɪz(ə)m/	Tourismus	The article is about different kinds of <b>tourism</b> .
Unit 8	tourist (n) ***	/ˈtuərɪst/	Tourist	Large numbers of <b>tourists</b> visit London every year.
Unit 8	tower (n) **	/ˈtaʊə(r)/	Turm	The <b>tower</b> is the <b>Tower</b> of London.
Unit 8	travel office (n)	/ˈtræv(ə)l ˌɒfɪs/	Reisebüro	A <b>travel office</b> is a place that helps people plan holidays and make travel arrangements.
Unit 8	trip (n) ***	/trɪp/	Reise	"We're going to Paris for the weekend." "Have a good <b>trip</b> !"
Unit 8	truck (n) **	/trʌk/	Lastwagen	The cat jumped out of the <b>truck</b> and walked down the highway.
Unit 8	up (prep) ***	/ʌp/	auf	I'm too tired to climb <b>up</b> the hill.
Unit 8	very (adv) ***	/ˈveri/	sehr	The beach looks <b>very</b> beautiful.
Unit 8	wing (n) ***	/wɪŋ/	Flügel	All birds have <b>wings</b> .
Unit 8	worried about ***	/ˈwʌrɪd əˌbaʊt/	sich Sorgen machen	He's unhappy and I'm <b>worried about</b> him.
Unit 9	active (adj) ***	/ˈæktɪv/	aktiv	It's important to be <b>active</b> in your daily life.
Unit 9	allergic (adj)	/əˈlɜː(r)dʒɪk/	allergisch	Some people are <b>allergic</b> to penicillin.
Unit 9	ambulance (n) **	/ˈæmbjuləns/	Ambulanz	She went to hospital in an <b>ambulance</b> .
Unit 9	anaesthesia (n)	/ˌænəsˈθiːziə/	Narkose	<b>Anaesthesia</b> is the process of putting someone to sleep before an operation.
Unit 9	antibiotic (n)	/ˌæntɪˈbɪɒtɪk/	Antibiotikum	Penicillin is a type of <b>antibiotic</b> .
Unit 9	ask (v) ***	/ɑːsk/	fragen	The doctor <b>asked</b> me how I felt.
Unit 9	aspirin (n) *	/ˈæsprɪn/	Aspirin	I always take <b>aspirin</b> when I have a cold.
Unit 9	athlete (n) *	/ˈæθliːt/	Sportler(in)	Do you know the names of any Olympic <b>athletes</b> ?
Unit 9	atmosphere (n) **	/ˈætməˌsfiə(r)/	Atmosphäre	The <b>atmosphere</b> inside the stadium was very exciting.
Unit 9	ball (n) ***	/bɔːl/	Ball	In football, you pass the <b>ball</b> to other players with your foot.
Unit 9	baseball (n) *	/ˈbeɪsˌbɔːl/	Baseball	<b>Baseball</b> is a popular sport in the US.
Unit 9	basketball (n) *	/ˈbɑːskɪtˌbɔːl/	Basketball	<b>Basketball</b> is also very popular in the US.
Unit 9	bath (n) ***	/bɑːθ/	Bad	Take a warm <b>bath</b> before you go to bed -- it will help you sleep.
Unit 9	beat (v) ***	/biːt/	schlagen	Manchester Utd <b>beat</b> Arsenal 2-1.
Unit 9	black belt (n)	/ˈblæk ˌbelt/	schwarzer Gurt	A <b>black belt</b> in judo shows you have the highest level of skill.
Unit 9	blocked (adj)	/ˈblɒk(ə)d/	verstopft	I've got a sore throat and a <b>blocked</b> nose.
Unit 9	bone (n) ***	/bəʊn/	Knochen	Have you ever broken a <b>bone</b> ?
Unit 9	boxing (n)	/ˈbɒksɪŋ/	boxen	<b>Boxing</b> can be a very violent sport.
Unit 9	break (v) ***	/breɪk/	brechen	If you <b>break</b> your leg, you'll have to go to hospital.
Unit 9	check up (n)	/tʃek ʌp/	Kontrolle	How often do you go to the doctor for a <b>check up</b> ?
Unit 9	(golf) clubs (n) ***	/ˌ(ɡɒlf) klʌbz/	(Golf-)Schläger	In golf, you hit the ball with sticks called " <b>clubs</b> ".
Unit 9	cold (adj) ***	/kəʊld/	Erkältung	What is the best cure for a <b>cold</b> ?
Unit 9	common cold (n)	/ˈkɒmən kəʊld/	Erkältung	More than 200 different viruses can cause the <b>common cold</b> .
Unit 9	competition (n) ***	/ˌkɒmpəˈtɪʃ(ə)n/	Wettbewerb	The World Cup is the most important international football <b>competition</b> .
Unit 9	cough (n) *	/kɒf/	Husten	I've got a cold and a <b>cough</b> .
Unit 9	coughing (n)	/kɒfɪŋ/	Husten	"What's the matter?" "I can't stop <b>coughing</b> ."
Unit 9	cough syrup (n)	/ˈkɒf ˌsɪrəp/	Hustensaft	"I have a cough and a sore throat." "Take some <b>cough syrup</b> ."
Unit 9	could (v) ***	/kʊd/, /kəd/	können	Before the 1950s, doctors did not know that smoking <b>could</b> cause cancer.
Unit 9	cure (n) **	/kjʊə(r)/	Heilung	What is the best <b>cure</b> for a cold?
Unit 9	cycle (v) *	/ˈsaɪk(ə)l/	Fahrrad fahren	He <b>cycles</b> to work to keep fit.
Unit 9	cycling (n)	/ˈsaɪklɪŋ/	Fahrrad-, (das) Fahrradfahren	Don't forget to wear your <b>cycling</b> helmet.
Unit 9	diet (n) ***	/ˈdaɪət/	Diät	A <b>diet</b> is a limited amount or range of food that someone eats in order to become more healthy.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 9	disease (n) ***	/dɪˈziːz/	Krankheit	Dirty water and pollution cause <b>diseases</b> .
Unit 9	dive (v) **	/daɪv/	hier: springen	The swimmers <b>dived</b> into the pool.
Unit 9	<b>DNA (n) * (=Desoxyribonucleic Acid)</b>	/di: en 'et/	DNS (= Desoxyribonukleinsäure)	The discovery of <b>DNA</b> has had an enormous impact on medicine.
Unit 9	do (judo/yoga etc) (v) ***	/du: ('dʒu:daʊ/'jəʊgə)/	(Judo/Yoga etc.) machen	She <b>does</b> aerobics twice a week.
Unit 9	drug (n) ***	/drʌg/	Medikament/Droge	Doctors developed <b>drugs</b> to stop people feeling pain.
Unit 9	eating habits (n)	/'i:tɪŋ 'hæbɪts/	Essgewohnheiten	It's important to develop healthy <b>eating habits</b> .
Unit 9	exercise bike (n)	/'eksə(r)'saɪz 'baɪk/	Trainingsrad/Hometrainer	There are <b>exercise bikes</b> and rowing machines at the gym.
Unit 9	fan (n) **	/'feɪn/	Fan	My brother's a <b>fan</b> of Barcelona football team.
Unit 9	feel (v) ***	/'fi:l/	fühlen	"What's the matter?" "I'm <b>feeling</b> very tired."
Unit 9	fever (n) *	/'fi:və(r)/	Fieber	A <b>fever</b> is a medical condition in which the temperature of your body is very high.
Unit 9	finish line (n)	/'fɪnɪʃ, laɪn/	Ziellinie	The Italian marathon runner fell down seven metres from the <b>finish line</b> .
Unit 9	fluency (n)	/'flu:ənsi/	Flüssigkeit (hier: sprachlich)	Sports commentators need to have a good level of <b>fluency</b> .
Unit 9	football (n) ***	/'fʊt bɔ:l/	Fußball	In <b>football</b> , you pass the ball to other players with your foot.
Unit 9	game (n) ***	/'geɪm/	Spiel	I love going to baseball <b>games</b> .
Unit 9	garlic (n) *	/'gɑ:(r)'li:k/	Knoblauch	Some people think that <b>garlic</b> is a cure for a cold.
Unit 9	germ (n)	/dʒɜ:(r)'m/	Krankheitserreger	A <b>germ</b> is a type of bacteria that spreads disease.
Unit 9	Get better soon.	/'get 'betə(r) su:n/	Werde schnell gesund. (Gute Besserung)	I'm sorry you're feeling ill. <b>Get better soon</b> .
Unit 9	go (cycling/swimming etc)(v) ***	/'gəʊ ('sɑ:kɪŋ/'swɪmɪŋ)/	(Fahrradfahren, Schwimmen etc.) gehen	They <b>go</b> jogging three times a week.
Unit 9	goal (n) ***	/'gəʊl/	Tor	What a brilliant <b>goal</b> by Ronaldo!
Unit 9	golf (n) ***	/'gɒlf/	Golf	You play <b>golf</b> using special sticks called "clubs".
Unit 9	gym (n) *	/'dʒɪm/	Fitnessstudio/Turnhalle	There are exercise bikes and rowing machines at the <b>gym</b> .
Unit 9	had to	/'həd tu/	musste	The doctor told him he <b>had</b> to eat less salt.
Unit 9	have (an operation) (v) ***	/'hæv (ən ɒpə'reɪʃ(ə)n)/	(eine Operation) haben	Have you ever <b>had</b> an operation?
Unit 9	headache (n) *	/'hedɪk/	Kopfschmerzen	"I've got a terrible <b>headache</b> ." "Take some aspirin."
Unit 9	health (n) ***	/'helθ/	Gesundheit	You should take more exercise -- it's good for your <b>health</b> .
Unit 9	helmet (n) *	/'helmt/	Helm	Don't forget to wear your cycling <b>helmet</b> .
Unit 9	hit (v) ***	/'hɪt/	schlagen	Golfers <b>hit</b> a small white ball with a club.
Unit 9	hole (n) ***	/'həʊl/	Loch	Golfers try to hit a ball into a <b>hole</b> using a club.
Unit 9	hurt (v) ***	/'hɜ:(r)t/	schmerzen	My legs <b>hurt</b> after running so far.
Unit 9	ill (adj) ***	/'ɪl/	krank	What's the matter? Are you <b>ill</b> ?
Unit 9	illness (n) ***	/'ɪlnəs/	Krankheit	The Arabs were the first to use alcohol to treat <b>illnesses</b> .
Unit 9	injection (n) **	(ɪn)'dʒɛkʃ(ə)n/	Impfung	Children are often afraid of <b>injections</b> .
Unit 9	join (v) ***	/'dʒɔɪn/	beitreten	It's a good idea to <b>join</b> a gym.
Unit 9	judo (n)	/'dʒu:daʊ/	Judo	<b>Judo</b> is a sport in which you try to throw your opponent to the ground.
Unit 9	keep-fit	/'ki:p 'fɪt/	Bleib-fit, Trimm-dich	There's a lot of new vocabulary in the <b>keep-fit</b> disciplines.
Unit 9	kick (v) ***	/'kɪk/	kicken	In football, you have to <b>kick</b> the ball into the net to score a goal.
Unit 9	kit (n) **	/'kɪt/	Ausrüstung	What do you think of the team's new football <b>kit</b> ?
Unit 9	loser (n) *	/'lʊ:zə(r)/	Verlierer	Moussambani was the <b>loser</b> , but he was very happy.
Unit 9	marathon (n) *	/'mærəθ(ə)n/	Marathon	A <b>marathon</b> is a very long running race.
Unit 9	martial arts (n pl) *	/'mɑ:(r)ʃ(ə)l ɑ:(r)tɪs/	Kampfsportart	Judo is one of the <b>martial arts</b> .
Unit 9	match (n) ***	/'mætʃ/	Spiel	They go to a football <b>match</b> at the weekend.
Unit 9	medal (n) **	/'med(ə)l/	Medaille	The winner of the race gets the gold <b>medal</b> .
Unit 9	medicine (n) **	/'med(ə)s(ə)n/	Medizin	The discovery of DNA has had an enormous impact on <b>medicine</b> .
Unit 9	microscope (n) *	/'maɪkrə'skəʊp/	Mikroskop	A <b>microscope</b> is a piece of equipment for looking at things that are too small to see normally.
Unit 9	net (n) ***	/'net/	Netz	In football, you have to kick the ball into the <b>net</b> to score a goal.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 9	the Olympic Games (n pl)	/ði ə'ɒlɪmpɪk ˌgeɪms/	die Olympischen Spiele	In 2012 the <b>Olympic Games</b> take place in London.
Unit 9	ought to ***	/ɔ:t tu:/	sollen	You <b>ought to</b> stay in bed if you've got a bad cold.
Unit 9	painful (adj) **	/'peɪnf(ə)l/	schmerzhaft	Anaesthesia made operations less <b>painful</b> for patients.
Unit 9	pill (n) *	/'pɪl/	Tablette	The doctor told me I should take two <b>pills</b> with a glass of water.
Unit 9	(exercise) plan (n)	/(ˈeksə(r)saɪz) plæn/	(Trainings-)Plan	It's important to have an <b>exercise plan</b> if you want to keep fit.
Unit 9	prescription (n) *	/'prɪ'skrɪpʃ(ə)n/	Rezept	I'm afraid you need a <b>prescription</b> for antibiotics.
Unit 9	race (n) ***	/reɪs/	Rennen	Moussambani's <b>race</b> was the 100-metre freestyle swim.
Unit 9	record (n) ***	/'rekɔ:(r)d/	Rekord	A <b>record</b> is the best achievement that anyone has ever done in a particular sport.
Unit 9	ride (v) ***	/raɪd/	fahren	I <b>ride</b> my bike to work every day.
Unit 9	rowing machine (n)	/'rəʊɪŋ ˌməʃɪ:n/	Rudermaschine	There are exercise bikes and <b>rowing machines</b> at the gym.
Unit 9	run (v) ***	/rʌn/	Rennen	Have you ever <b>run</b> in a marathon?
Unit 9	runner (n) **	/'rʌnə(r)/	Läufer(in)	Dorando Pietri was one of the unluckiest marathon <b>runners</b> .
Unit 9	say (v) ***	/seɪ/	sagen	The doctor <b>said</b> , "You should take a pill with a glass of water after lunch."
Unit 9	should ***	/ʃʊd/	sollte	You <b>should</b> take more exercise -- it's good for your health.
Unit 9	sick (adj) ***	/sɪk/	krank	I've got stomach ache and I feel <b>sick</b> .
Unit 9	a pair of skis	/ə peə(r) əv skɪz/	ein Paar Ski	If you want to go skiing, you should buy a <b>pair of skis</b> .
Unit 9	smoking (n)	/'sməʊkɪŋ/	Rauchen	Before the 1950s, doctors did not know that <b>smoking</b> could cause cancer.
Unit 9	sneeze	/sni:z/	niesen	When you <b>sneeze</b> , you blow air out of your nose in a sudden, uncontrolled way.
Unit 9	sore throat (n)	/'sɔ:(r) ˌθrəʊt/	Halsschmerzen	I've got a <b>sore throat</b> and a blocked nose.
Unit 9	steam (n) **	/'sti:m/	Dampf	<b>Steam</b> is a hot, wet substance that is produced when water is heated.
Unit 9	stomach ache (n)	/'stʌmək eɪk/	Bauchschmerzen	I've got <b>stomach ache</b> and I feel sick.
Unit 9	swimmer (n)	/'swɪmə(r)/	Schwimmer(in)	Are you a good <b>swimmer</b> ?
Unit 9	swimming (n) *	/'swɪmɪŋ/	schwimmen	Mohammed Ramzan made history in the 1,500-metre <b>swimming</b> event.
Unit 9	swimsuit (n)	/'swɪm.su:t/	Badeanzug	The swimming team wore special Olympic <b>swimsuits</b> .
Unit 9	symptom (n) **	/'sɪmptəm/	Symptom	The <b>symptoms</b> of a cold are coughing and sneezing.
Unit 9	tablet (n) **	/'tæblət/	Tablette	You should take cough syrup or <b>tablets</b> if you have a sore throat.
Unit 9	take (a warm bath) ***	/teɪk (ə wɔ:(r)m bɑ:θ)/	(ein warmes Bad) nehmen	<b>Take</b> a warm bath before you go to bed -- it will help you sleep.
Unit 9	tell (v) ***	/tel/	sagen	The doctor <b>told</b> me I should take two pills with a glass of water.
Unit 9	thermometer (n)	/θə(r)'mɒmɪtə(r)/	Thermometer	A doctor uses a <b>thermometer</b> to measure someone's body temperature.
Unit 9	throw (v) ***	/θrəʊ/	werfen	Judo is a sport in which you try to <b>throw</b> your opponent to the ground.
Unit 9	toothache (n)	/'tu:θeɪk/	Zahnschmerzen	"What's the matter?" "I've got <b>toothache</b> ."
Unit 9	treat (v) ***	/tri:t/	behandeln	The Arabs were the first to use alcohol to <b>treat</b> illnesses.
Unit 9	vaccine (n)	/'væksɪn/	Impfstoff	<b>Vaccines</b> have saved millions of people's lives.
Unit 9	virus (n) ***	/'vaɪrəs/	Virus	More than 200 different <b>viruses</b> can cause the common cold.
Unit 9	vitamin (n) **	/'vɪtəmɪn/	Vitamin	You should take lots of <b>Vitamin C</b> if you've got a cold.
Unit 9	wash (v) ***	/wɒʃ/	waschen	<b>Wash</b> your hands if they're dirty.
Unit 9	wear (v) ***	/'weə(r)/	tragen	The team <b>wore</b> a special World Cup kit.
Unit 9	What's the matter?	/'wɒts ðə 'mætə(r)/	Was ist (denn) los?	" <b>What's the matter?</b> " "I'm feeling very tired."
Unit 9	wheelchair (n)	/'wi:l,tʃeə(r)/	Rollstuhl	A <b>wheelchair</b> is a chair with large wheels that someone who cannot walk uses for moving around.
Unit 9	win (v) ***	/'wɪn/	gewinnen	Who <b>won</b> the World Cup in 2010?
Unit 9	winner (n) **	/'wɪnə(r)/	Gewinner	Spain were <b>winners</b> of the World Cup in 2010.
Unit 9	X-ray (n) *	/'eks reɪ/	Röntgenbild	An <b>X-ray</b> is a picture of the inside of someone's body.
Unit 10	acquire (v) **	/'ækwəɪə(r)/	erlangen	The English language is constantly <b>acquiring</b> new characteristics.
Unit 10	advanced (adj) ***	/'ædvənst/	modern	<b>Advanced</b> technology has made it possible for us to communicate in new ways.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 10	Anyway. (adv) ***	/ˈeni,wei/	Wie auch immer./Jedenfalls ...	<b>Anyway.</b> I'm sorry, I'll have to go now.
Unit 10	assembly line (n)	/əˈsembli ˌlaɪn/	Fließband	The Model T was one of the first cars to be produced on an <b>assembly line</b> .
Unit 10	available (adj) ***	/əˈveɪləb(ə)l/	erhältlich	Monopoly® and Scrabble® are <b>available</b> in more than 80 countries.
Unit 10	bicycle (n) **	/ˈbaɪsɪk(ə)l/	Fahrrad	A <b>bicycle</b> has two wheels.
Unit 10	birthplace (n)	/ˈbɜː(r)θˌpleɪs/	Geburtsort	New Orleans is the <b>birthplace</b> of jazz.
Unit 10	board (n) ***	/bɔː(r)d/	(Spiel-)Brett	In this game, you move around the <b>board</b> and answer questions.
Unit 10	board game (n)	/bɔː(r)d ɡeɪm/	Brettspiel	Monopoly® and Scrabble® are both <b>board games</b> .
Unit 10	borrow (v) **	/ˈbɒrəʊ/	ausleihen	"Tsunami" is a word that we have <b>borrowed</b> from Japanese.
Unit 10	both (of) (determiner) ***	/bəʊθ (əv)/	beide	<b>Both</b> of the games are successful worldwide.
Unit 10	brand new (adj) *	/ˈbrænd ˌnjuː/	brandneu	They've just bought a <b>brand new</b> car.
Unit 10	build (=make sth in a factory) (v) ***	/bɪld/	bauen (= etw. in einer Fabrik herstellen)	The Model T was <b>built</b> by the Ford Motor Company from 1908 to 1927.
Unit 10	build (= building) (v) ***	/bɪld/	(ein Haus-/Gebäude) bauen	How long did it take to <b>build</b> the hotel?
Unit 10	bus (n) ***	/bʌs/	Bus	She got off the <b>bus</b> in the city centre.
Unit 10	capital (n) ***	/ˈkæpɪt(ə)l/	Hauptstadt	Tokyo is the <b>capital</b> of Japan.
Unit 10	capture (v) **	/ˈkæptʃə(r)/	schlagen (hier: Spiel)	You win a chess game if you <b>capture</b> your opponent's king.
Unit 10	car (n) ***	/kɑː(r)/	Auto	The first Trabant <b>cars</b> appeared in 1957.
Unit 10	carbon footprint (n)	/ˈkɑː(r)bən ˌfʊtprɪnts/	CO2-Bilanz	The <b>carbon footprint</b> of a person or organization is the amount of greenhouse gases their activities produce.
Unit 10	cause (v) ***	/kɔːz/	erzeugen	Cars <b>cause</b> a lot of pollution.
Unit 10	characteristic (n) **	/ˌkærɪktəˈrɪstɪk/	Eigenschaft	The English language is constantly acquiring new <b>characteristics</b> .
Unit 10	city (n) ***	/ˈsɪti/	Stadt	Dallas is a <b>city</b> in the state of Texas.
Unit 10	collectors' item (n)	/kəˈlektə(r)z ˌaɪtəm/	Sammlerstück	Trabants have become <b>collectors' items</b> .
Unit 10	combine (v) ***	/kəmˈbaɪn/	kombinieren	You can <b>combine</b> parts of words to create a new word, for example, "brunch".
Unit 10	continent (n) **	/ˈkɒntɪnənt/	Kontinent	Africa and Asia are both <b>continents</b> .
Unit 10	create (v) ***	/kriˈeɪt/	entwerfen	There are different ways of <b>creating</b> new words.
Unit 10	cutting-edge (adj)	/ˈkʌtɪŋ ˌedʒ/	topaktuell	The new phone is the latest in <b>cutting-edge</b> technology.
Unit 10	design (v) ***	/dɪˈzaɪn/	entwerfen	The Ford Motor Company <b>designed</b> the Model T.
Unit 10	develop (v) ***	/dɪˈveləp/	entwickeln	We're <b>developing</b> a new computer programme at the moment.
Unit 10	dice (n)	/daɪs/	Würfel	To play the game, you roll a <b>dice</b> and move around the board.
Unit 10	dynamic (adj) **	/daɪˈnæmɪk/	dynamisch	Something that is <b>dynamic</b> is constantly changing and developing.
Unit 10	emotion (n) ***	/ɪˈməʊʃ(ə)n/	Emotion	An " <b>emotion</b> " is another word for a feeling.
Unit 10	engine (n) ***	/ˈendʒɪn/	Motor	Car <b>engines</b> cause a lot of pollution.
Unit 10	excursion (n)	/ɪkˈskɜː(r)ʃ(ə)n/	Exkursion/Ausflug	We have classes in the morning, and in the afternoon we go on <b>excursions</b> .
Unit 10	expression (n) ***	/ɪkˈspref(ə)n/	Ausdruck	"Oh my god!" is Arthur's favourite English <b>expression</b> .
Unit 10	fan club (n)	/ˈfæn ˌklʌb/	Fanclub	<b>Fan clubs</b> celebrated the 50th anniversary of the Trabant.
Unit 10	fresh (adj) ***	/frefʃ/	frisch	In order to develop, you need <b>fresh</b> ideas.
Unit 10	gap (n) ***	ɡæp/	Lücke	When new things are invented we need to create new words to fill the <b>gap</b> in our vocabulary.
Unit 10	generate (v) ***	/ˈdʒenəreɪt/	erzeugen	New inventions <b>generate</b> changes in language.
Unit 10	get off (phr v)	/ɡet ɒf/	aussteigen	She <b>got off</b> the bus in the city centre.
Unit 10	get on (phr v)	/ɡet ɒn/	einsteigen	I <b>get on</b> the bus at the bus stop just outside my house.
Unit 10	get out of (phr v)	/ɡet aʊt ɒf/	hinauskommen (aus)	Passengers can <b>get out of</b> the coach here and have a drink.
Unit 10	google (v)	/ˈɡuːɡ(ə)l/	googeln	Have you ever <b>googled</b> information on the internet?
Unit 10	greenhouse gases (n pl)	/ˈɡriːnˌhaʊs ɡæzɪs/	Treibhausgase	<b>Greenhouse gases</b> cause pollution in the atmosphere.
Unit 10	host family (n)	/həʊst ˈfæm(ə)li/	Gastfamilie	Your <b>host family</b> is the family you stay with when you are away from home.
Unit 10	innovative (adj) *	/ˈɪnəveɪtɪv/, /ˈɪnəvəʊtɪv/	innovativ	Because of its <b>innovative</b> design, the new car has become very popular.
Unit 10	invent (v) **	(ɪn)ˈvent/	erfinden	Alfred Butts and Charles Darrow both <b>invented</b> board games.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 10	inventor (n) *	(in)'ventə(r)/	Erfinder	Who were the <b>inventors</b> of Scrabble® and Monopoly®?
Unit 10	latest (adj) ***	/ˈleɪtst/	neueste(r/s)/modernste(r/s)	Young people like to have the <b>latest</b> mobile phones and MP3 players.
Unit 10	manufacture (v) **	/ˌmænjuˈfæktʃə(r)/	herstellen	Which company <b>manufactured</b> the Model T?
Unit 10	manufacturer (n) ***	/ˌmænjuˈfæktʃərə(r)/	Hersteller	Ford are one of the biggest car <b>manufacturers</b> in the world.
Unit 10	Maybe ... (adv) ***	/ˈmeɪbi/	Vielleicht ...	"What does "brunch" mean?" " <b>Maybe</b> it means a kind of meal."
Unit 10	miss a turn	/mɪs ə 'tɜː(r)n/	eine Runde aussetzen	If you roll the dice and get a low number, you <b>miss a turn</b> .
Unit 10	modern (adj) ***	/ˈmɒdə(r)n/	modern	The mobile phone is a <b>modern</b> invention.
Unit 10	motorbike (n) *	/ˈməʊtə(r)'baɪk/	Motorrad	A <b>motorbike</b> has two wheels and an engine.
Unit 10	multicultural (adj)	/ˌmʌlti'kʌltʃərəl/	multikulturell	New Orleans is famous for its <b>multicultural</b> history.
Unit 10	neither (determiner) ***	/ˈniːðə(r)/, /ˈniːðə(r)/	keines/r von beiden	<b>Neither</b> game was accepted by toy companies at first.
Unit 10	nickname (v)	/ˈnɪkˌneɪm/	Spitzname	New York is <b>nicknamed</b> "the Big Apple".
Unit 10	nightlife (n)	/ˈnaɪtˌlaɪf/	Nachtleben	<b>Nightlife</b> is entertainment that is available in the evening.
Unit 10	noisy (adj) *	/ˈnɔɪzi/	laut	The Trabant car is <b>noisy</b> and smelly.
Unit 10	OK, then.	/ˌəʊˈkeɪ ˈðen/	also gut	<b>OK, then</b> . See you later.
Unit 10	piece (n) ***	/piːs/	Figur	You move your <b>piece</b> around the board and try to reach the end first.
Unit 10	plane (n) ***	/pleɪn/	Flugzeug	A <b>plane</b> has an engine and wings.
Unit 10	planet (n) **	/ˈplænt/	Planet	We all live on the <b>planet</b> Earth.
Unit 10	produce (=make sth in a factory) (v) ***	/prəˈdjuːs/	produzieren (etw. in einer Fabrik herstellen)	The Model T was one of the first cars to be <b>produced</b> on an assembly line.
Unit 10	produce (problems/changes etc) (v) ***	/prəˈdjuːs/	hervorbringen	New inventions <b>produce</b> changes in language.
Unit 10	make progress	/meɪk ˈprɒɡres/	Fortschritt machen	Magdalena is <b>making good progress</b> in her English.
Unit 10	province (n) **	/ˈprɒvɪns/	Provinz	Newfoundland is a <b>province</b> in Canada.
Unit 10	recent (adj) ***	/ˈriːs(ə)nt/	kurzlich	<b>Recent</b> changes in technology have made it possible for us to communicate in new ways.
Unit 10	Right. (adv) ***	/raɪt/	So.	<b>Right</b> . I'd better be going.
Unit 10	roll the dice	/rɒl ðə daɪs/	würfeln	To play the game, you <b>roll the dice</b> and move around the board.
Unit 10	search engine (n) *	/sɜː(r)ʃɪˈendʒɪn/	Suchmaschine	You can use a <b>search engine</b> to look for information on the internet.
Unit 10	See you.	/ˈsiː juː/	Auf Wiedersehen./Bis dann.	OK, then. <b>See you</b> later.
Unit 10	slow (adj) ***	/sləʊ/	langsam	The Trabant car is <b>slow</b> , noisy and smelly.
Unit 10	smelly (adj)	/ˈsmeli/	stinkend	The Trabant car is noisy and <b>smelly</b> .
Unit 10	smoke (n) **	/sməʊk/	Rauchen	The Trabant car produced a lot of <b>smoke</b> and pollution.
Unit 10	square (n) ***	/skweə(r)/	Quadrat	How many <b>squares</b> are there on the board?
Unit 10	state (n) ***	/steɪt/	Staat	Dallas is a city in the <b>state</b> of Texas.
Unit 10	study centre (n)	/ˈstʌdi ˌsentə(r)/	Studienzentrum	A <b>study centre</b> is a place where students study.
Unit 10	town (n) ***	/taʊn/	Stadt	A <b>town</b> is smaller than a city, but bigger than a village.
Unit 10	toy company (n)	/tɔɪ ˌkʌmp(ə)ni/	Spielzeugfabrik	Neither game was accepted by <b>toy companies</b> at first.
Unit 10	track (n) ***	/træk/	Gleis	A train travels on <b>tracks</b> .
Unit 10	turn (n) ***	/tɜː(r)n/	(Spiel-)Zug	It's your <b>turn</b> to play.
Unit 10	underground (n) *	/ˌʌndə(r)'graʊnd/	Untergrund	Have you ever travelled on the <b>underground</b> in London?
Unit 10	village (n) ***	/ˈvɪlɪdʒ/	Dorf	A <b>village</b> is a small place in the countryside where people live.
Unit 10	Well. (adv) ***	/wel/	Also.	<b>Well</b> , I think that's it. I'll send you an email.
Unit 10	wheel (n) ***	/wiːl/	Rad	A bicycle has two <b>wheels</b> .
Unit 10	wing (n) ***	/wɪŋ/	Flügel	A plane has an engine and <b>wings</b> .
Unit 10	worldwide (adv) *	/ˌwɜː(r)'ldˌwaɪd/	weltweit	Both of the games are successful <b>worldwide</b> .
Unit 10	you know ... (used for emphasis)	/ˈjuː ˌnəʊ/	verstehst du ... (benutzt bei Betonung)	You will have to study hard to pass the exam, <b>you know</b> .
Unit 10	you know ... (used to give yourself time to think)	/ˈjuː ˌnəʊ/	weist du ... (benutzt um sich Zeit zum denken zu geben)	New Orleans is an interesting place, <b>you know</b> , with a lot of history and nightlife.

	Global Pre-intermediate Wordlist	Phonetics	Translation	Sample Sentence
Unit 10	you know ... (used for giving extra information )	/ˈjuː ,nəʊ/	... du weißt schon, ... (benutzt um Extrainformationen zu geben)	Have you ever seen a Trabant? <b>You know</b> , the car that was made in East Germany.
Unit 10	you know ... (used before talking about sb or sth )	/ˈjuː ,nəʊ/	Du kennst doch ... (benutzt bevor man über etw./jmdn. spricht)	<b>You know</b> Magdalena, well, she came first in the exams.